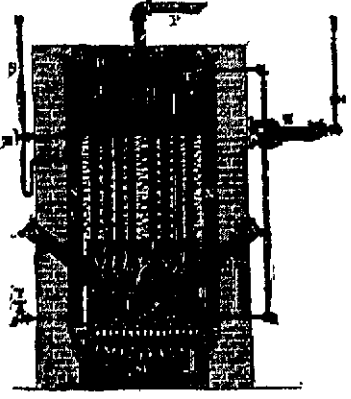


Korsmeyer & O'Neill,
Practical Plumbers,
Steam and Gas Fitters
Agents for Central Illinois for the Celebrated

BATES'



Self-Feeding and Self-Regulating
BOILERS.

Also dealers in:

**IRON AND LEAD PIPE,
PUMPS,**

Sinks, Bath Tubs, Rubber Hose,

GLAZED SEWER PIPE, &C.

Country work attended to without delay.
All work warranted.

KORSMEYER & O'NEILL,

250 North Main street, corner of William, De-
cat, Ill.

J. B. BULLARD,



UNDERTAKER

FUNERAL DIRECTOR.

Mr. Bullard will always keep in stock the best of everything pertaining to the Under-
taking business, with cheap prices to cor-
respond. He makes a specialty of Embalming
and preserving the features of the dead. Do
not fail to inform Mr. Bullard when requir-
ing service in his line. The finest hearse and
carriages always ready for prompt service at
low prices. An attendant is on duty night
and day, and all orders by telephone will
receive prompt attention.

Stand Southwest Cor. of Old Square,
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

March 2, 1884—d&wt

HENRY LYON,

DEALER IN

Choice Groceries

—AND—

PROVISIONS,

28 Merchant St.,

Where you will always find a stock of Staple
and Fancy Groceries, which will be sold at
prices as low as can be found anywhere.

**WE ROAST AND GRIND OUR
OWN COFFEE**

COUNTRY PRODUCE

Of all kinds taken in exchange for goods.
Decatur, Jan. 27, 1884—wt

Cabinets, \$3 per Doz.

Photos, \$1 per Doz

BEST IN THE CITY.

From now until January 1st, 1884, we will
present a framed Photograph to every person
purchasing one dozen of our superior \$3.00
Cabinets. Guaranteed to give satisfaction.
Seeing is believing. Come and see.

BON TON GALLERY,

WATER STREET,

Over F. L. Hays & Co's Dry Goods Store
et. 28—d&wt

ESTABLISHED 1852.

PEDDECORD, BURROWS & CO.,

BANKERS.

—We transact a general—

BANKING BUSINESS!

same as an incorporated bank. Buy and Sell
Exchange, Receive Deposits, Discount Busi-
ness Paper,

Loan Money on Mortgage Security,
Make Mortgage Investments for Customers,
and furnish them

SAFETY DEPOSIT BOXES

under private key, in OUR FIRE AND
BURGLAR-PROOF VAULT, free
of charge.

Jan. 17, 1884—wt

**THE DECATUR
Steam Tile Co.**
are now prepared to fill all orders, from
1,000 to 1,000,000
of the very best made and best burnt

TILE
IN THE STATE.

We have one of the largest and best equip-
ped Tile Factories, running

**TWO MACHINES AND
EIGHT KILNS,**

Turning Out Six and Seven
Kilns of Tile Every
Week.

WE MAKE ALL SIZES.

3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 12 inch
Our 10 and 12-inch cannot be beat. Come to
our yard and see them.

Parties wanting to tile would do well to see
us before purchasing, as we are confident we
can sell them

Better Tile and for Less Money

than they can be bought for elsewhere. Ad-
dress all orders,

DECATUR TILE CO.

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Factory Adjoining Fair Grounds.

Telephone 126. Jan 12 & 13

Pumps! Pumps!!

Force Pumps,
Wood Pumps,
Chain Pumps,
Wind Mills,
Pump Supplies.

THE NIAGARA

The Best Force Pump Made.

THE BEST WOOD PUMP

In the Market.

The Spray Chain Pump

See it, and you will want no other.

THE "ECLIPSE" WIND MILL

Is the Best of Wind Mills.

When you want to get water come and see
us. We have what you want.

NAGARA PUMP CO.,

DECATUR, ILLINOIS.

Factory on Mason Street, 411 and 413, and W.
St. L. & P. Sts. July 12 & 13

Money to Loan

At Lower Rates than Ever.

Loans made payable in installments if de-
sired. All—

FARM MORTGAGES BOUGHT.

W. A. BARNES,

17 East Main Street, Decatur, Ill.

Nov. 30, 1880—wt

JOS. MICHL,

WHOLESALE

AND

RETAIL

DEALER IN

Cigars, Tobacco,

PIPES, SNUFF, ETC.,

**NO. 12 WATER STREET,
DECATUR, ILLINOIS.**

Manufacturer of the

"El Boquet," "Belle of the West,"

"NILSSON" and "SELECT"

Brands of Cigars.

Having an experience of Thirty Years in the
Cigar Business, retailers will find it to their in-
terest to examine my stock before purchasing
elsewhere. July 12 & 13

Established 1860

J. MILLIKIN & CO.

BANKERS

—AND—

DEALERS IN EXCHANGE

MONEY TO LOAN

We have put in Safety Deposit Boxes for the
use of those wishing a secure place for their
Bonds, Mortgage Notes, Insurance Policies, &c.
March 17, 1881—wt

The Danville Massacre.
The following is from the Peters-
burg, Va., *Index-Appeal*, and is
commended to the careful reading
of Democrats who love right more
than might. The *Index-Appeal* is
strongly Democratic, but it seems to
understand that a confession in ad-
vance is better than a stout denial
before trial, and certain conviction on
trial. That paper says:

"We do not say that an investiga-
tion would not have been ordered by
the Senate if the authorities at Dan-
ville had caused the arrest of every
person, white or black, who was sus-
pected on reasonable grounds of
having shot at another on the occa-
sion referred to, and had tried them
all; * * but the edge would have
been taken from any malignant re-
port that the committee might have
made if there had been displayed at
Danville an earnest, a determined
effort to reach the whole truth
through regular judicial inquiry. It
is idle—it is worse than idle—to say
that the report of the committee of
forty, or of the grand jury was all
that the circumstances demanded. Men
are not killed and wounded with
pistols, by the half-dozen, in the
streets of a city without blame
somewhere. The calamities which
Senator Hoar will send into every
home in the North will be all the
more dangerous because they will
be accompanied by an indisputable
statement that not one of the per-
sons engaged in the riot has ever
been called upon to answer in court
for what he did. * * It will, we
fear, damage Virginia more than
anything has done since the forcible
readjustment of the State's debt was
determined on.

Fred Douglass' Wife.
Speaking of the marriage of Fred-
erick Douglass, the Rochester *Dem-
ocrat* says: "Mrs. Douglass is the
daughter of Gideon Pitts, of Honeoye,
in the town of Richmond, Ontario
county, and is a very intelligent
lady of spotless character. Mr.
Pitts was an original abolitionist and
a man of the most sterling worth and
of large influence in his community.
In Honeoye, at an early day, aboli-
tion questions were of frequent oc-
currence, and many of the ablest
anti-slavery orators have spoken
there; and thus the place was edu-
cated not only in anti-slavery ideas,
but received an intellectual culture
of a high order as well, which has
rendered it not only intelligent, but
has also freed it from many of the
prejudices of caste. It was in such
a community and amid such influ-
ences that Mrs. Douglass was edu-
cated, and it is not surprising that
she has the courage of her opinions."

An eccentric farmer named Ray
left his farm and family near Lafay-
ette, Ind., for Chicago, some seven-
teen years ago, "mysteriously disap-
peared," and was given up by his
friends as dead. His estate was ac-
cordingly settled up and disposed of
by order of the local court, and he
had been almost forgotten. Recent-
ly, however, he made his appearance
at his old home, and now claims his
property. The lawyers are puzzled
to know whether the property be-
longs to him or to those now in pos-
session. Inasmuch as he had volun-
tarily abandoned his home for so
many years, and in view of the fact
that all the steps that had been tak-
en for the settlement and disposition
of his estate were entirely justifiable
and in strict accordance with the
laws, it would seem that, in justice,
he has forfeited all his claims. No-
body is to blame but himself, and
the verdict of the jury—if there is to
be a jury—should be, "Served him
right."

WILLIAM D. RINGO, of Newport,
Ky., died on Tuesday in his 72d
year. He was an eccentric old bach-
elor, who inherited \$800,000, and in-
creased it by judicious investments
to \$500,000. Within the past four
or five years he has adopted six
orphan children, and nearly all his
fortune has been willed to them.
A reclusive the greater part of his life,
Ringo collected a library of consid-
erable value and was well read. For
some years back he has been addicted
to drink. In this habit, as in all
others, he was very systematic. He
never drank but at one bar, and only
after nightfall. At the end of the
month the bartender made out his
bill, which he always paid with a
check. For several years he has
kept two men under monthly pay
whose business it was to see that he
conducted himself properly when
under the influence of liquor and to
take him home.

One of the principal ingredients in
the happiness of childhood is free-
dom from suspicion—why may it not
be combined with a more extensive
intercourse with mankind? A dis-
position to dwell on the bright side
of character is like gold to its pos-
sessor; but to imagine more evil
than meets the eye betrays affinity
for it.

ROCHESTER shoes worth \$4.00 and \$4.50
for \$3.00 and \$3.50 at J. W. Baker's.

Black Measles.
The Philadelphia *Press* says: An
alarming epidemic of black measles,
a type of the disease which is so ma-
lignant as to be often mistaken for
small-pox, has swept through the
hospital department of the almshouse
during the past week. Thirty-two
cases developed altogether, and of
these ten proved fatal, eight deaths
occurring in the children's asylum
and two in the nursery. The disease
has been got well under control, and
is fast diminishing. It is possible
that it may be stamped out without
further loss of life. Every effort is
being made by the physicians to pre-
vent its further spread, and to cure
those who are now prostrated by it.

**Fish as Nutrient for the Nervous
System.**

Sir Henry Thompson's recent de-
nunciation of the notion that fish-
eating increases brain power is not
indorsed by the London press, on
the ground that, though it has long
been perfectly well known to physi-
cians that the phosphorus theory
must be discarded, still the fact is
beyond dispute that fish is a form of
food which is easily digested, and
proves specially nutritive to the
bodies of brain workers. Concern-
ing Sir Henry Thompson's opinion
that the only way it acts is by put-
ting a man's body in proper relation
with work he has to do, the *Lancet*
remarks that, though this is quite
true, the brain is an integral part of
the body, comprehending, moreover,
a considerable number of the most
important centers of the nervous
system, whence the body as a whole
derives its power—therefore in put-
ting a man's body in proper relation
with his work, fish may chiefly act
by supplying his nervous system
with specially available nutriment.

A Boston paper has made the as-
tonishing discovery that Benedict
Arnold was not the first traitor in
the struggle for American indepen-
dence. It holds up to modern scorn
the name of Dr. Benjamin Church,
of Raynham, Mass. The novel story
is to this effect: Church became emi-
nent as a surgeon after some years
of study in London. He was a
bachelor, lived extravagantly and
licentiously. Prior to the revolution
he affiliated with the leading Whigs,
and was a member of the Massachu-
setts Provincial Congress. At the
same time he was the secret enemy
of the republicans. In 1774 he
wrote parodies of his own popular
songs and sent them to Tory news-
papers, and in September, 1775, a
cipher letter written by him to Major
Cain, in Boston, was intercepted.
He was arrested and tried in Cam-
bridge on the charge of holding
criminal correspondence with the en-
emy. He was convicted and impris-
oned, and was kept in close confine-
ment for seven months, being re-
leased only on account of failing
health. He sailed for the West In-
dies, neither he nor the vessel being
heard of afterward. This will a lit-
tle distribute the odium resting on
Arnold's name.

A Thin Cow.
If a cow is fed too much meal she
will be poor and thin and the skin
may be irritated and congested. Too
much food has a similar effect, or is
worse than too little, as it produces
indigestion, which disorders the
blood and causes a feverish condi-
tion of the system. As it is only the
food that is digested healthfully that
makes flesh, fat and milk, these will
not be made if a larger quantity of
food be given than can be digested.
A cow that is suffering from indiges-
tion may be treated as follows: Give
a pint of linseed-oil, and repeat it
the second day after; then feed some
bran slop or some cut feed with bran
and a little meal in it, but in mod-
erate quantity, until her appearance
improves.

The Chicago *Evening Journal* has
the following: "Hon. Thomas B.
Needles, formerly State Auditor, and
now a State Senator, and who has
been spoken of as a candidate for
State Treasurer on the Republican
ticket, declares that he is not an
aspirant for that or any other public
office. His office as State Senator
will expire with the present year, and
he wants to give all his attention in
the future to his private business.
Tom has been in politics long enough
to know the folly of it."

There comes across the Atlantic a
rumor to the effect that Mr. Bar-
num's alleged white elephant, now
on exhibition at the London Zoo, is
neither white nor sacred, but simply
an elephant of the ordinary kind and
color, except for a skin disease which
has caused pink patches on his body.
A suspicion has been gradually
creeping into the public mind for a
good many years, we regret to say,
that in matters of natural history
Mr. Barnum is not always strictly
reliable.

Just Received.
New and handsome carpetings; also an
elegant assortment of embroideries, at
LOW & SOUVENIR. Jan. 20, d&wt

Wilson Bros' White Dress Shirts, at
B. Sine's. Jan 27—d&wt



**J. R. RACE & CO.'S
Great Closing-Out Sale**

Of Winter Goods at a reduction of
20 per Cent For Cash

—CONSISTING OF—

**OVERCOATS,
Woolen Shirts,
Cardigan Jackets,
Heavy Underwear,
Gloves and Winter Caps.**

These are all desirable goods, and at the
large reduction from our former very LOW
PRICES, it will be seen at once that they
are BARGAINS.

We are also making very low prices
in our **MERCHANT TAILORING DE-
PARTMENT.** Call and see.

J. R. RACE & CO.

129 to 135 Water Street.

Jan. 11—d&wt

WE WILL OFFER

During January an unusually

fine line of Ladies' and Gents'

Gold Watches!

ALSO SPECIAL PRICES IN

SILVER WATCHES!

We would call your atten-
tion to the grade of Goods
we keep and the thoroughly
RELIABLE MANNER in
which we do business. You
cannot buy a Watch of us
that is "Too Cheap" for good
business.

OTTO E. CURTIS & CO.

Leading Jewelers.

Decatur, Jan. 8, 1884—d&wt

**BEL
OVE**

JOH

WH

Having a few more
of them at the follow-
ing prices:
25 Men's Overcoats
20 Men's Chinches
15 Men's Chinches
10 Men's Heavy
25 Men's Fine O
will be sold at the
15 Children's O
\$3.75, will we sold

Come Early

John

Revol

IN A NEW

David Hamsher, Esq.

Home" Opposite

Mr. David Hamsher,

harness-maker, tak-
ing all his old pat-
terns, generally, that he has
No. 147 South Wat-
court house, where
better light and in-
friends. Mr. Hamsher
a large and varied
dies, bridges, whips,
pared than ever to
do general repair
to order on short no-
sher a call at his of-
the court house, ne-
Decatur, Ill.

The Ladies

The saloon keep-
indignant at the co-
in that city. The
into the city trans-
privilege of selling
claimed there are
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sold without pay-
the law. One of
said to have receiv-
liquors in one da-
are very natural
law be enforced.

Is Fun Be-

Fun is excellen-
known the whole
promoter; but fu-
when a man nee-
hand people take
would be more
enjoy life thoro-
Jones Red Clover
blood disorders,
liver troubles, re-
perfect tonic. Co-
delicate. Only
A. J. Stoner, ph-
south side new

The charter

No. 1 G. A. R. of
6, 1863, (the first
ever formed in A
M. F. Kanan,
Dunning, I. C.
Bishop, C. Rich-
Sibley, I. N. Co-
Toland. The D-
Stephenson, the
the Adj. Gen.
charter was on
ment this week
in Illinois, and
order in Ameri-

The ladies

The ladies
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Bills' room, a
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from the friend

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The ladies

BELOW ZERO!

—THE PRICE OF—

OVERCOATS

— AT —

JOHN IRWIN'S,

— AT THE —

WHITE FRONT

Having a few more Overcoats than we wish to carry over we will dispose of them at the following Below Zero Prices:

- 25 Men's Overcoats, all sizes, price \$2.50, worth \$5.
- 20 Men's Chinchilla Sack Overcoats, price \$5.50, worth \$9.
- 15 Men's Chinchilla Ulsterettes, price \$3, worth \$10.
- 10 Men's Heavy Unlined Ulsterettes, price \$5, worth \$9.
- 25 Men's Fine Overcoats, broken sizes, ranging in price from \$16 to \$20, will be sold at the extreme low price of \$12.
- 15 Children's Overcoats, age 4 to 10, ranging in price from \$4.50 to \$8.75, will be sold at \$2.75, \$3.25, \$3.75 and \$4.50.

Come Early to Secure Above Great Bargains

John Irwin's White Front,
Revolving Signs, Near Postoffice.

THE G. A. R. ENCAMPMENT.

Big Enthusiasm at the Tabernacle
—A Packed Audience.



Stirring Speeches by Gen. Oglesby,
Gov. Hamilton, Gen. Beath,
Gen. Black and Others.

Address of Welcome by Comrade
Johns.

GEN. DICKSON ELECTED COM-
MANDER.

Business of the Encampment Boiled
Down.

From Thursday's Daily.

THE NIGHT MEETING.

The tabernacle was never so well filled with so many distinguished citizens high in official position and in the hearts of a patriotic people as it was last night on the occasion of the reception, or open meeting, given under the auspices of Dunham Post No. 141, G. A. R., and the citizens of Decatur. The stage was occupied by Gov. Hamilton, Gen. Oglesby, Gen. R. B. Beath, Gen. S. A. Harper, Gen. McClelland, Gen. Pavey, General Elliott, Chaplain Rutledge the ladies of the Decatur Relief Corps, and many others, making the space left for the reporters decidedly limited. The G. A. R. band played several army tunes, and at 8 o'clock Comrade G. R. Steele, officer of the day, presented

COMRADE W. C. JOHNS, who, on behalf of the Mayor and the citizens, delivered an address of welcome to the delegates and visiting comrades. He deemed it a pleasing privilege to welcome so large and patriotic a body to the city, and he but expressed the common sentiment when he expressed the courtesies and hospitality of Decatur to so grand an organization of soldiers. He dwelt upon the motto of the G. A. R., "Fraternity, Charity and Loyalty," and asserted that in the encampment deliberations the veterans could not consider any subject that would be considered in any way detrimental to society or to the laws of the land—they could not turn traitors. [Applause]. The speaker, with deep emotion, pictured the scenes in Decatur at the opening of the war, telling of the regiments that marched to the front, of the tears shed when the trains bore away the loved ones to the front, of the sadness that was manifested as the dead heroes were brought home for burial, and of the glad shout of triumph that went up when the great struggle ended victoriously. The welcome was earnest and eloquent and was received with applause.

GEN. JOHN A. McCLELLAND, on behalf of the soldiers, responded to Comrade Johns' speech, which he pronounced an eloquent address from a son of his highly esteemed friend, Dr. Johns. The General spoke of the early history of Decatur, of her growth and bright promise, and he thought that if the capital of the state is not now in the right place it should be brought to Decatur. The speaker grew eloquent in alluding to the old flag and its defenders, living and dead. The address was a good one, and would have been listened to closely if those 25 feet from the stage could have heard it.

GEN. R. B. BEATH was presented and spoke words of welcome for Dunham Post, 111, of Decatur. As the white-haired veteran, still fresh and vigorous, stepped to the front of the stage, a grand shout of pleasure which came from all parts of the glad and expectant audience went up and fairly shook the roof of the building. The shouts were accompanied by ringing cheers that spoke the friendly feeling of brother comrades for the old hero. The General spoke of the importance of the great gathering, and of the attention it had attracted. He alluded feelingly to the young man, Amos Dunham, after whom Dunham Post was named, and felt at the son of Dayton Dunham, and felt at the son of the man who lived to return home to his home. That young man was the first of many who would follow him to the front. The General with equal as much feeling alluded to the late meeting of the Union Ex-Prisoners of War, held in Decatur in October last, which he addressed. He spoke briefly of those martyred and diseased men and of their sufferings and fortitude. They had come to meet in reunion meetings, and so have the brave and honored members of the Grand Army of the Republic. The soldiers who conducted the civil war and preserved the Union, you men who crushed out the Rebellion, you are met for a purpose. What do these posts mean? Why so much activity within the past few years? I'll tell you. The veterans meet to assist their comrades in arms as they need help, and to extend aid to widows and orphans. They don't forget the dead. They need to preserve allegiance to the Constitution, and to discountenance everything that will breed or cause disloyalty and disorder to protect the homes fought for so valiantly on the battlefields. You fought for law and order, and you mean to maintain them by your present organization. The G. A. R. is formed alone for the general good of the entire country, and is not at all political in character. It is above all that. It is an organization made up of men of all political parties, and we are all banded together for the common good. At this point the General digressed to briefly allude to a little war experience which raised a laugh that went the rounds. The General spoke of the Woman's Auxiliary Relief Corps that had asked permission to cooperate with the Department Encampment, so that its members might form a state organization to independently perform charitable deeds. Soldiers, so do your deeds live in various organizations. The soldiers stood by the country, and they have stood by the government in its financial management, submitting to heavy taxation to meet expenses and to pay off debts. You stood by the Union and you stand by the integrity of the land upon which you and those who fell have brought peace. The public debt is all right, and how elevating it is that we can contemplate so satisfactory a condition of public affairs. Your acts teach a lesson that will never be erased. What care we for the poor old Rebs now? [Laughter.] We for the poor old Rebs now? [Laughter.] Your conduct will shine for centuries to come. Are you not glad you got back alive? [Laughter.] And you glad you got back alive? [Laughter.] The compensation is great—we have made a grand and glorious record. Let's make the future as bright by our moral conduct as we have made our past by our heroic conduct. [Great and prolonged cheers.]

At a meeting held last evening the following named directors of the Decatur Iron Felloe Wagon Company were elected: Messrs. James W. Haworth, L. L. Haworth, M. Haworth, W. E. Haworth and John W. Phillips. They received all the votes cast. This wagon company has an authorized capital stock of \$100,000, and soon the organization will commence making iron felloe farm wagons on a large scale. Suitable machinery for expediting the work will be secured. Active operations will probably begin by April 1st. Officers will be elected soon.

We extend an olive branch to you in the form of Bernhard's Radical Cure for Rheumatism. It is for internal use, and attends to its duty at once. If you are afflicted, go and see W. C. Armstrong.

"My nerves became quiet, the pain left me, and before I hardly realized I was well. I owe you more than I can ever pay." This is the language of Alex. LaClair, who was rescued from death by Bernhard's Radical Cure for Rheumatism. Read his testimonial on the bottles, then write him if you are still in doubt. For sale by W. C. Armstrong.

Hosiery. Ladies in want of or need of Hosiery, can find with us an assortment unequalled in central Illinois. We show every kind, make and quality for ladies, misses, children and infants, and offer them for the next thirty days at and below actual cost. In this as in nearly every other department we give you more for your money than any other house in Decatur. See Big 18. CHEAP STORE. Feb. 2—dkw1w

It is a Failure. Frank Frorer was in Springfield last Thursday, the guest of his brother-in-law. While there he inspected the engines and light of the capital city electric light, which he designates as a failure.—Lincoln Herald.

\$2.50 shoes for \$2.00 at J. W. Baker's.

GOV. HAMILTON. On behalf of the visiting comrades Governor John H. Hamilton delivered a response which was concise and explicit. He was received with much applause. He came not to make a long speech. He was one of the least of the veterans present. He had the honor of enlisting over 20 years ago, and he was glad to be able to serve in the G. A. R. ranks. Glad to belong to such a splendid band of heroes, and he hoped that he might live somewhere near 70 years to continue to perform his duties as a man and a citizen. He could conceive that the time may come when those with whom he stands abreast to-day may be called upon to defend the organization, and he would gladly do so. In my visits in helping brother comrades at various Posts to raise money for widows and orphans, all has been done for the good of those left behind by comrades. All loyalty, but the desolate soldier should be rewarded by a grateful government not as a charity but it should be given freely to pay a debt this country owes those who fought for its preservation. Here the Governor spoke of the grand objects of the organization, and what had been accomplished. You are banded together for charity, for friendship, love and comradeship. Let not any sort of dissensions rend your unity. Let no political matter come up in your meeting. Let no political or religious creeds divide you for a moment, but let all together storm the works and defend universal liberty. Stand together for in your lifetime, you can do much to preserve and uphold that for which you fought. Live right and do right and you will command respect. In conclusion the Governor declared that he had enlisted in the G. A. R. for the war. [Applause].

Music by the G. A. R. Band, "Marching Through Georgia", the audience joining in the chorus.

GEN. H. B. BEATH.

Commander-in-Chief Beath, of Philadelphia, of the 88th Pennsylvania, was received with loud applause. He spoke briefly, saying that he was glad that he was able to stand up in the very birthplace of the G. A. R. and speak to so large an audience of comrades. He was glad that he was able to hear that grand old hero, Dick Oglesby (loud applause), and to hear so well expressed G. A. R. sentiments by the distinguished speakers who had spoken. The General spoke of his army experience and the fraternal feelings that had existed at the front, and now at home the same fraternal ties exist. There are now on the rolls 235,000 veterans who faced the dangers at the front, and we will soon have upon the roster all who served in the defense of their country. We wish to throw back the slander that the men who fought for the right and the Union are paupers.

GEN. J. C. BLACK was called forward and came forward. He thought it about time for "taps." We are here 1,000 strong, members of the Army of the Republic, together with more than that number who were born too late to take part in the struggle. The address was a masterly effort, and was delivered in a patriotic vein from the beginning to the close.

After music by the band Comrade John H. Pierce, of Austin Post 276, recited "Sheridan's Ride," and then came stirring addresses by Gen. Pavey and Adj. Gen. Elliott, both of whom pleased the boys hugely. Others also spoke, including Mrs. Holbrook for the Relief Corps. Commander Harper read a telegram of greeting from the Ohio Encampment.

THE WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS. At a meeting of ladies held at the city hall, yesterday afternoon, a State Department of the Illinois State Woman's Relief Corps was organized. There are five Relief Corps in the State, and all but the one at Elgin were represented. The following officers elected were publicly installed this afternoon:

Dep't President—Mrs Julia Sine, Rockford.
Senior Vice—Mrs Freeman, Palestine.
Junior Vice—Mrs Diehl, of Henry.
Secretary—Miss Minnie Owen, Rockford.
Treasurer—Mrs Mary Sanders, do.
Chaplain—Mrs Emma Smith, Decatur.
Conductor—Mrs G. R. Steele, Decatur.
Guard—Mrs R. O. Omsstead, Henry.
Inspector—Mrs Agnes Bush, Henry.
The headquarters of the corps will be at Rockford.

THE BUSINESS.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON—JAN. 30. The Encampment met yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Vice Commander Taylor in the chair. The council of administration reported, approving all reports except that of Chief Mustering Officer P. W. Wilcox, who was reported short a little over \$900. The recommendation was that good fellowship should not be taken hereafter as security. Comrade Oglesby appeared upon the platform and was met with applause. He announced that the ladies belonging to an auxiliary society wanted to confer with a committee of the Encampment. Gen. Oglesby and McClelland were appointed such committee.

At this juncture Commander-in-Chief Beath, of Philadelphia, was escorted into the hall, and to the stand.

The Quartermaster General made his report, which shows a balance on hand of \$152.51.

Comrade Sweetser, of Bloomington, presented a resolution to the effect that the members of the Sons of Veterans organizations be admitted into Grand Army Posts on the same condition as G. A. R. members are admitted in Sons of Veterans company. The resolution was referred.

Commander-in-Chief Beath then addressed the Encampment. He gave a very encouraging account of the order. He predicted that the order would be the next National Encampment have a membership of 250,000; it now has 220,000.

Commander Harper then made his report. His suggestions were that a Soldiers' Home should be established in Illinois, and that Women's Auxiliary societies should be encouraged.

A committee on resolutions was appointed with Comrade Adair, of Stephenson Post, as chairman. Comrade Ambrose, of Stephenson Post, introduced a resolution recommending the old drill for the G. A. R. instead of that outlined in Upton's tactics. The resolution was referred to the committee on resolutions, with the announcement that the National Encampment had last year decided that the old drill should be used.

After the transaction of some further routine business not of general interest the Encampment adjourned until 8 o'clock Thursday morning.

THURSDAY—LAST DAY.

Instead of meeting at 8 o'clock this morning pursuant to adjournment, nine o'clock was nearer the hour.

Sometime was then taken up in corresponding the report of the Council of Administration, especially that part pertaining to Whittier Post, Chicago, against which charges of insubordination have been made. The matter was postponed to give friends of Whittier Post an opportunity to present its side of the case. This Council recommended that steps be taken to recover the amount due from Chief Mustering Officer P. W. Wilcox, and in case of failure, to order his dismissal from the order.

The Assistant Quartermaster's friends made an attempt to have his salary increased from \$100 to \$200 per annum, which proposition was defeated.

Comrade Pierce, of Killpatrick Post presented a resolution to the effect that all soldiers be pensioned when 60 years old.

The committee on resolutions Comrade J. M. Adair, of Stephenson Post, chairman reported.

The resolutions to admit members of Sons of Veterans be ordered to G. A. R. Posts on same conditions that members of G. A. R. Posts be admitted to Sons of Veterans' Camp, was defeated.

The resolution to require Adjutant General to give bond, amount to be determined by Council of Administration was adopted.

At this juncture Comrade Richard Rowett moved to reconsider the vote by which the Sons of Veterans resolution was defeated. He made a vigorous speech in favor of reconsideration and eloquently advocated the resolution. His motion prevailed and the resolution by an almost unanimous vote was adopted.

The resolution to recommend the defeat of the bill pending before Congress providing for the abolishment of pension agencies was adopted.

The Whittier Post matter was again taken up. A point was reached and this Post was shut out. Comrade Carmichael, of said Post announced that he would appeal to the National Encampment.

The Encampment passed a resolution against making a public parade. Want of time the reason given.

GEN. L. T. DICKSON, COMMANDER.

The encampment proceeded to the election of officers. Warden McClaughrey having withdrawn, the contest was between Comrades Dickson, of Danville, and Taylor, of Centralia. The ballot resulted as follows:

Dickson	274
Taylor	118
Scattering	18

Gen. Dickson was declared elected Department Commander amid prolonged applause.

This afternoon Senior and Junior Vice Commanders, Surgeon and Chaplain will be elected, also 16 delegates and as many alternates to the National Encampment. The Encampment will adjourn this evening.

A SERENADE.

Commander Dickson was serenaded at the New Deming this noon by the Seventh Regiment Band.

The election of the colonel meets with general approval. He will make a splendid commander.

That excellent musical organization, Gehrig's 7th Regiment Band, of Pekin, made the rounds after midnight and serenaded Gov. Hamilton; also the various newspaper offices. The members of the organization are:

From Friday's Daily.

The Illinois Department Encampment of the Posts of the Grand Army of the Republic reached a final adjournment last evening, it having been voted to hold the 1885 meeting at Peoria, commencing on the third Wednesday in the month of February. The towns of Streator and Aurora wanted the Encampment, but they had to take a back seat. To-day there is but a thin sprinkling of visiting comrades in the city, and to-night all of the 1000 visitors will have departed for their homes. Gov. Hamilton and the State officers left for Springfield yesterday evening and the noisy Chicago and Danville delegations that manipulated matters chiefly in their own interest, and that of their friends, left on the late trains.

The Chicago delegation held another of their lively receptions at the St. Nicholas last night at which the newly elected officers, Post Commander Harper and other notables were present. All had a big time, socially.

The different hotels and many private residences were thrown open to the welcome visitors, and so far as we have been able to learn all of the big crowd were well entertained. Sleeping accommodations were plentiful and the modern "hard tack" as good as the best. Decatur people gave the visitors the freedom of the city, and they certainly made the most of it.

THE RELIEF CORPS.

In our issue of last evening the delegates elected to attend the National Convention of the Woman's Relief Corps, were omitted from the report. Those chosen to go to Minneapolis to represent the Illinois Corps were Mrs. F. M. Cox,

Decatur and Mrs. Emma Hale, of Rockford. The alternates are Mrs. R. P. Lytle, Decatur and Mrs. Young, of the town of Henry, Illinois. Last night the Relief Corps were addressed at some length by Comrade January, who lost both of his feet at Andersonville. Some of the ladies say it was nearly February before he got through with his interesting recital.

Mrs. Whittenmeyer addressed a large audience at the tabernacle about "Life in the Hospitals" during the war, and it was voted one of the best speeches of the reunion. She is a learned woman, and speaks clearly and distinctly. She was plainly heard in all parts of the hall. The proceeds are about \$75.

THANKS.

Commander G. S. Durfee desires the Republican, to return the thanks of Dunham Post No. 141, to the people of Decatur, who so kindly threw open their doors to visiting comrades and contributed in other ways to the comfort and entertainment of the many strangers in our midst. The local Post is especially grateful to our people and will ever remember the helpful aid cheerfully bestowed.

LAST DAY—AFTERNOON SESSION.

The Encampment upon assembling proceeded with the election of officers. After the second ballot Comrade Harrison Black of Marshall, was elected Senior Vice Commander, Comrade Wm. Jackson, Elmhurst, Junior Vice; Comrade L. S. Lambert, Galesburg, Surgeon; Comrade E. D. Wilkin, Danville, Chaplain.

The above officers with L. T. Dickson as Commander were duly installed at the adjourned meeting held at the city hall last night.

Council of Administration elected: Enos Bond (colored), Chicago; W. C. Carmichael, Kirkwood; W. H. Chenoweth, Chicago; P. S. Post, Galesburg, and Richard Rowett, Quincy.

Delegates to the National Encampment: Comrades J. G. Everett, John Stephens, H. Miner, W. F. Calhoun, F. H. Marsh, W. B. Berry, E. E. Bart, R. F. Wilson, E. Wright, T. W. Cole, J. A. McClelland, R. W. McClaughrey, J. A. Edmondson, A. D. Reed, J. T. Harrold and J. A. Sexton. The alternates are: Comrades Venable, Watson, Pierce, January, Donahue, Jackson, Herriek, Cantwell, Barnes, Qualman, Koch, Carmichael, Trip, Fullerton, Meredith and Meserve.

THE PENSION BILL.

WHEREAS, There is now before the Appropriation Committee of the House of Representatives a bill to abolish all pension agencies and providing for the payment of all pensions by the treasury department at Washington directly, instead, and

WHEREAS, Said bill should it become a law would very much delay the prompt payment of pensions and could only work as an injustice and hardship to many pensioners to whom and whose dependents prompt payment is of most vital importance and whose interests should command the first and foremost considerations of the government; be it

Resolved, By the Grand Army of the Republic of Illinois in the 18th annual Encampment assembled, that we are most emphatically opposed to the proposed change or any change of the mode of disbursement that will in any manner interfere with the present satisfactory and honestly and economically administered system of payment of pensions.

Resolved, That the Adjutant General of this department forward copies of this to Senators and Representatives in Congress with the request that they use all honorable means to defeat the bill referred to.

Considerable discussion was had on the resolution providing for the pensioning of all soldiers at the age of 60. Some opposition was interposed on the ground that it would not be right to pension men who might perchance at that age be men of wealth. Gen. Rowett thought that volunteer soldiers were as good if not better than officers of the regular army and federal judges who at a certain age were pensioned upon the bounty of the government. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

On motion \$75 was appropriated for the purpose of purchasing a badge for Post-Department Commander H. Hilliard. The city of Peoria was selected as the place for holding the next State Encampment. A large number of the delegates were disappointed because the Springfield comrades saw fit not to put in a bid. This comes from the fact that at that time the legislature will be in session.

NOTES.

A number of old soldiers—some 40 in number—of Colchester, McDonough co., applied for a charter for a G. A. R. Post. The application was denied because Colchester was within 5 or 6 miles of Macomb. Yesterday the matter was brought up and an appeal was made to the Encampment for the charter desired. Comrade Bennett announced that the matter in question was still pending before the Department Commander. The expressed opinion of the Encampment was that all such applications should be respected, and the disposition was to censure the Adjutant General for his arbitrary exercise of authority. The application referred to will no doubt be granted.

Comrade Dick Rowett, the hero of the Allatoona Pass, was the most powerful spirit on the Encampment floor.

Comrade J. M. Adair, as chairman of the committee on resolutions, did good service.

Committee appointed to take charge of the Stephenson monument fund, which is now \$400, and increase it.

Captain Geo. S. Durfee will pay a reward of five dollars for the arrest and conviction of the hoodlums who tore away the G. A. R. Decorations at his home on North Main street. It was a contemptible deed, and the guilty parties, if discovered, should be severely punished.

The Atlanta Post, Logan county, is the only post so far as known which meets every week.

Sheridan's Ride was quite numerous in the Encampment.

Mr. Davis the Purchaser. C. G. Carter has paid a visit to Richmond, Ind., in the interest of H. W. Davis, and he succeeded in getting possession of the H. C. Lintner property for his patron. Mr. Davis paid \$3600 for the property on Cemetery street, at the foot of South Main street. It was incorrectly stated yesterday that Andy Dunston was the purchaser. Mr. Davis has the papers, and he is the owner of the property.

\$3.00 shoes for \$2.50 at J. W. Baker's.

If you will call at J. W. Tyler's, you will see some of the finest harness ever made in Decatur. All at low figures.

The Weekly Republican.

Printed at the post office at Decatur, Illinois, as second class mail matter.

The price of hogs in the Chicago market yesterday advanced 15 to 25 cents per 100 pounds.

The Ohio river and its tributaries are rising rapidly, and a damaging flood is feared.

The "bills" continue to rule the New York stock market, the advance in prices being maintained.

WENDELL PHILLIPS, the great agitator and orator, died in Boston on Saturday, in the seventy third year of his age.

SAMUEL S. PARKE, a well-known Bloomingtonian, died on Saturday morning, in his seventy-second year. He was at one time proprietor and editor of the Bloomington Democrat.

NOTWITHSTANDING Speaker Carlisle's telegram to his friends in Kentucky, requesting them not to vote for him for United States Senator, in Monday's balloting in the Legislature he lacked only two votes of receiving a majority over both Williams and Blackburn.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Journal, (Rep.): The Republican party has been fighting for the colored men for almost thirty years. Their interests have been the burden of almost every political contest in all that time. That party gave them their freedom, and pressed to enactment every law establishing their political rights and privileges. The party is still willing and disposed to exert every constitutional power to protect them in their rights and privileges. On the contrary, the Democratic party has done all that was possible to enslave and to oppress the colored race, and to make their freedom and franchise a failure and a farce.

CHICAGO Journal: The Savannah (Ga.) News wants to know why proposed election investigations by Congress are confined to the South. "Nobody ever thinks of investigating elections in the North. The very reason that 'nobody ever thinks' of doing it shows that there is no provocation. But, come to think of it, we wish Congress or somebody, would investigate the mysterious ways and means by which Carter H. Harrison managed to foist himself upon the people of Chicago as Mayor or the last time.

The Louisville Courier-Journal wants "the Kentucky exodus" stopped. It says: "For the benefit of individuals and of the State every effort should be made to stop this roving tendency of Kentucky men and capital. As a grazing country Eastern Kentucky will bear comparison with any section outside of the Bluegrass region, while for the culture of fruits, vines and vegetables it offers the most desirable conditions, and its plateau furnish excellent soil for tobacco, and its rich valleys and bottoms for corn, wheat and general agriculture." That is no doubt true; but how would it do to try a change in politics in Kentucky and encourage school-house building? It would do more to stop the exodus to Kansas, Dakota, and other places, than all other means.

Chicago elevators, as per official returns, contain 12,620,741 bushels of wheat, 4,850,703 bushels of corn, 1,376,742 bushels of oats, 1,711,057 bushels of rye, and 332,231 bushels of barley, making a grand total of 21,101,382 bushels, against 20,570,680 bushels a week ago, and 11,006,050 bushels at this period last year. In addition to the above the amount of grain stowed on vessels in the harbor is 699,084 bushels, making the total amount of grain in store and afloat in Chicago 21,797,466 bushels.

New York and Brooklyn warehouses are stored with 3,372,910 bushels of wheat, 2,005,300 bushels of corn, 2,593,875 bushels of oats, 230,930 bushels of rye and 353,522 bushels of barley.

Visible supply of grain in the United States and Canada on the 26th ultimo: Wheat, 33,048,813 bushels; corn, 11,574,743 bushels; oats, 5,773,445 bushels; rye, 2,614,273 bushels; barley, 2,833,515 bushels.

\$2.50 a bushel for \$2.00 at J. W. Baker's

The Fifteenth District.

The present fifteenth congressional district embraces all the counties which constituted the old fourteenth, save Macon and Piatt, with the addition of Edgar. It is now represented by Hon. Joseph G. Cannon, who represented the old fourteenth during its entire existence, and the people of this county not unnaturally feel a lively interest in its future. Mr. Cannon is a candidate for renomination, and there is already a good deal of stir among the politicians over there as to whether he should or should not be invited to give way for some other aspirant. It is none of our fight, and the people of the fifteenth may very properly inform us that it is none of our business, but the ties of former political relationship and the desire to have the Illinois delegation in the next congress as strong as possible, prompt us to remark that our old neighbors will make a grave mistake if they trade off Mr. Cannon for a new man. He will have had, at the close of his present term, twelve years of valuable congressional experience, during which time he has acquired an efficiency that makes him the foremost Republican in the Illinois delegation. He has not wasted a moment of his time in posing for political effect upon the floor of the house, nor in vain speeches to gain popular applause, but he has proven himself a laborious, attentive and useful member. No man on the floor has a better knowledge of the details of legislation than he, and when he speaks he commands a respectful attention, because his colleagues know that he has something to say upon a subject that he has thoroughly mastered. In the days before the war, when the South was successful in everything she undertook in congress, her main strength lay in the fact that her policy was to keep her most efficient men there from term to term, rarely changing them when they proved to be up to the proper standard. The New England states have long pursued a similar policy, and have profited thereby. In the newer states, however, the rule has been the reverse, very few members being returned more than twice until they were invited to make way for some other building statesman, who imagined that it was his "turn." No more foolish policy could be pursued than this, which seems to be the legitimate successor of the "boarding round" system formerly connected with the public school teachers' experience. The old fourteenth district broke over the rule, retaining Mr. Cannon's services for ten years, and the new fifteenth will do a most sensible and praiseworthy act by following its example. There is no sentiment which detracts more from the efficiency of the public service than that mistaken one which encourages ambitious men to think that it is their "turn." No man has a divine right to run for or be elected to office, and the sooner the people come to understand that public affairs can be best conducted upon the same principles which control sensible business men in their private enterprises, the better it will be for all concerned.

The Democrats of the Ohio Legislature propose to repeal the better part of the so-called Scott law, which taxes the liquor traffic; but certain members of their own party who were elected by the aid of temperance votes, fail to "come to the scratch," by absenting themselves when a test vote is to be taken. As between the pulling of their whiskey friends on the one hand and the hauling of their temperance supporters on the other, these double-faced politicians in Ohio occupy a very uncomfortable position.

While the peaches in Southern Illinois are gone, the fruit-growers console themselves with the belief that they are going to have the finest strawberry crop and largest yield they ever had. Last year they had but half a crop, but new fields coming into bearing the coming season—now in splendid condition—will in a measure make up for the loss of the peach crop. A fine apple crop is also looked for in the same section. Red raspberries and blackberries are considered doomed. The Turner, however, is not hurt.

The Late Census.

The following items of interest are from the forthcoming volume of Census Reports relating to the wealth, debt and taxation of the country, and will be of general interest to the readers of the REPUBLICAN. We learn that the true valuation of this country was on June 1, 1880, \$43,842,000,000. The care and pains-taking used in making this census make it probable that this is more nearly accurate than any previous estimate. Below is shown the estimates of 1850, 1860, 1870 and 1880:

1850	17,138,000,000
1860	18,150,000,000
1870	24,055,000,000
1880	43,842,000,000
The wealth per capita in 1880 was	\$1,000
" " " " " " " " " "	514
" " " " " " " " " "	624
" " " " " " " " " "	870

The following are the principal items of wealth with the estimated value of each:

Farms	\$10,197,000,000
Real estate, business real estate	9,851,000,000
Real estate exempt from taxation	2,000,000,000
Railroads and equipments	3,530,000,000
Telegraphs, shipping and canals	419,000,000
Live stock and other animals	2,404,000,000
Household furniture, clothing, books, jewelry, food, fuel, etc.	3,600,000,000
Mines	591,000,000
Agricultural and industrial products and imports of foreign goods	6,100,000,000
Specie	612,000,000

This makes the United States the wealthiest Nation of the earth; Great Britain ranking second, with \$43,338,000,000, and France third, with \$35,893,000,000, and Germany following, with \$29,403,000,000. Thus it will be seen that while the increase of population since 1850 is equal (roughly) to 100 per cent, the increase in wealth has been nearly 600 per cent.

These figures are indeed staggering to belief and to people in Europe incredible, but previous estimates have been received there with the same doubt, and have been subsequently proven correct. The difficulty in comprehending these figures lies in the fact that we have no similar record with which we can make a comparison. Our development as a Nation is not at all in accordance with the methods heretofore in use. Who can predict the attainments of this decade? J. N. RANDALL.

Here is a brief political sermon preached by the National Republican: "No man who knowingly casts an illegal ballot is either a Democrat or a Republican, but a foe to the United States constitution. He who extracts from the ballot-box a Republican ticket and substitutes therefor a Democratic ticket is a traitor to our form of government. He who casts a tissue ballot is a traitor to American institutions. He who makes a false count or opposes a free ballot is the assassin of constitutional liberty. He who resorts to violence or assassination to prevent a free ballot plunges a dagger into the heart of the United States constitution. He who goes into a mob to suppress freedom of speech or discussion is a mobocrat, not a Democrat nor a Republican. He who accepts office through any of these mobocratic agencies is a traitor to the western continent. The Republicans must explode the solid despotism called the solid South."

It's the Truth About Uncle Dick. Your Uncle Dick Oglesby was a very big feature at the annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, at Decatur. He is to-day the most popular public man in the State, and deserving as he is popular. —Terre Haute Express.

That's the sort of man Uncle Dick is. The people love him and feel like making him their governor, if he wishes to be—and he says he wishes to be. —Danville News.

Tax hard times are not felt in Louisville. "Two pies are to be had for 15 cents," says the Courier-Journal.

Short-Hand. Mr. D. A. McDaniel, formerly of this city, now of Chicago, will begin another class in short-hand in this city on the 18th inst. Mr. McDaniel is now teaching in the city of Chicago with his usual success, and has been asked to take charge of the Chicago Short-Hand College, which he will probably do about the first of April. This is a good opportunity for the young people of a Macon county to learn stenography easily and cheaply. Further information can be had by addressing Mr. McDaniel, at Decatur. Feb 7th & Sat.

HAVING recently taken extremely severe Cold, acknowledge perfect relief by using Burks' White Pine Balsam for two days. O. H. ARPERSON, Quincy Dredge and Towing Co. Jan 29-d&w

DIED. In Long Creek township on Sunday, Feb. 3, 1884, Mrs. WM. SMITH, aged 64 years.

Deceased was the mother of five children, four sons and one daughter.

AMONG the papers of the late Thurlow Weed, was found the following letter written by Lincoln only a month before his death:

EXECUTIVE MANSION, WASHINGTON, D. C., March 15, 1865. DEAR MR. WEED: Everyone likes a compliment. Thank you for yours on my little notification speech and on the recent inaugural address. I expect the latter to wear as well as, perhaps better than anything I have produced; but I believe it is not immediately popular. Men are not flattered by being shown that there has been a difference of purpose between the Almighty and them. To deny it, however, in this case is to deny that there is a God governing the world. It is a truth which I thought needed to be told, and as whatever of humiliation there is in it falls most directly on myself, I thought others might afford for me to tell it. Truly yours, A. LINCOLN.

The inaugural address to which this characteristic letter refers was the second, delivered March 4, 1865, in which occurred the following sentiment, which called out his closing remarks:

Fondly do we hope, fervently do we pray, that this mighty scourge of war may speedily pass away. Yet if God will that it continue until all the wealth piled up by the bodiless men of every drop of blood drawn with the lash shall be paid with another drawn with the sword, as was said 3,000 years ago, so still it must be said, "The judgments of the Lord are true, and righteous altogether."

In this little friendly note to Mr. Weed we have the key to the eloquent words and lofty sentiments contained in the remarkable inaugural. It discloses to us in the clearest of vision the reverent trust in God and the strong, manly trust in the patriotism of the Nation which actuated the President in every step he took towards the crushing out of the monstrous evil which had darkened and cursed the land. It reveals his character in a still higher and brighter light, and once more shows this country the full extent of its loss when he fell at the hands of the assassin. —Chicago Tribune.

THE MT. PULASKI MYSTERY. Commission of the Triple Murder Laid at the Door of Texas Thugs.

The horrible triple murder committed near Mt. Pulaski in August, 1882, when Charles McMahon, Robert Matheny and John Carlock were found with their throats cut from ear to ear, has been revived with additional interest. Suspected persons have long been shadowed. A few weeks ago the reputed leader of the gang left the country and went to Texas. Detectives at work on this case have long held that the southern man planned and executed the murder because of the peculiarity of the gags which were used. Such gags are common in the south and nowhere else. As the suspected man had come from Texas, the detectives are convinced that he is the man, and are now after him in his old haunts where his reputation is unsavory. It is rumored that he and three accomplices will be landed in the county jail on the alleged confession of one of the members. Ten thousand dollars awaits the capture of the murderers of McMahon and his two hired men.

TAKEN TO PETERSBURG. The Carpenter Case Goes to Menard County by Consent.

The case of the People vs. O. A. Carpenter, indicted for the murder of Zura Burns, came up before Judge Herdman at Lincoln this forenoon. Carpenter pleaded not guilty. By consent of both sides, on the application of defendant for a change of venue, the court sent the case to Petersburg, Menard county, about 30 miles north and west of Springfield. Court will begin in Menard county on the first Monday in March, when it is likely Carpenter will be ready for trial.

MARRIED. On Jan. 31, 1884, by Squire S. P. Nicky, at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. John Veech, in Oakley township, Mr. CHRISTOPHER FUNK and Miss ELIZABETH J. VEECH.

On Jan. 31, 1884, at the residence of L. M. Watson, in South Macon township, by Rev. G. M. Goode, of Normal, Mr. W. E. GARDNER, of Decatur, and Miss R. A. LINDHOLM, daughter of W. E. Lindholm, of Harrisburg.

- LIST OF LETTERS Remaining in the postoffice at Decatur, Macon county, Ill., for the week ending Feb. 5, 1884.
- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| Adkins John C. | Irwin Jan D. |
| Bishop Mrs Anna | Johnson J. |
| Berry Mrs Alice | Kipp Amanda |
| Barkley Chas D | Knot Anna |
| Beach Harvey | Kologas Nellie |
| Beach Mary E | Lewis Thert |
| Brown Anna | Lane Jesse |
| Brown Ephraim | Long Mary C |
| Bridges M J | Matthews Mrs Amanda |
| Brown J D | Magaw David |
| Burns M | Miller M F |
| Adams A F | Montgomery Wm |
| Chatman Edlie | McGallagher Maggie |
| Christman L I | Neubury |
| Couly Mary | Neibey E |
| Clark Mary P | Nelson Miss A |
| Carter Marshall | Noble S A |
| Cochran T M | Dr Mrs Harriet |
| Dillman Frank | Parson Dell |
| Dorr John | Ryan Mrs Alice |
| Dinsdale Robert | Ridgely G G |
| Duncan C G | Schlager A |
| Richolz Chas | Sink Pius |
| Kavanaugh Mrs Pru | Sourly Mrs Anna |
| Freese and Adams | Sutton H S |
| Paik L M | Smith John M |
| Paik E J | Sorenson Louis |
| Paik Mrs Mary | Smith Louisa |
| Paik Mrs Sarah | Stevens Mrs Maggie |
| Paik William | Thompson Olie |
| Paik Wm | Williams Elia |
| Harden C N | Waller Frank |
| Haworth Frank E | Williams Mrs Frank |
| Holler Mrs Margaretta | Wall Thomas J |
| Hosier Frank | Whalen Thomas |
| Harris Mrs Susan | Weyburn Wm F |
| Hunter W D | |

FORRESTER. Schindler Andrew R. P. LITTLE, P. M. Just received new piece goods, latest patterns, at Fleury's.

OUR COUNTRY SCHOOLS.

The Central Examinations Now in Progress at Different Localities.

The annual Central examinations are now in progress and will be until March 6th. The first was held the 23rd of January at Miami Center. The following items are culled from the superintendent's pencil book:

RANK ONE. Miami Center, Mand Gibson; Pleasant Grove, Etie Nelms; Cherry Grove, Hattie Hill; Blue Mound, Eddie Morse; Boddy, Edgar Coleman; Shady Grove, Frank Housman. Edgar Coleman, of Peru school made an average of 69.6-7, the highest yet made. Etie Nelms, of Pleasant Grove and Eddie Morse, of Blue Mound, each have a grade but one-seventh less.

Literary exercises were held at each place except at Boddy and Shady Grove; the exercises were postponed at the former place on account of a protracted meeting, which was in progress at Blue Mound Chapel and at the latter place on account of the heavy rain and muddy condition of the roads. The greatest number examined at any one place was thirty at Blue Mound; being one more than at Miami Center. The smallest number was listed at Shady Grove, the enrollment showing fourteen.

A comparison with book for last year shows an increase of one-fourth in attendance. It also shows that nearly all the pupils enrolled last year are yet in the schools. This certainly has something to do with the attendance in our schools and deserves our careful consideration.

Of the one hundred and thirty examined fully sixty are entitled to enter the final examination to be held at Decatur, March 14. All pupils that make an average of eighty-five per cent are entitled to attend. They will then compete for rank in the county.

It will be noticed that these personal examinations bring the pupils into direct competition and inspire them to push on in their endeavors to do better work in the studies outlined. REPORTER.

Elm Grove School. Report of Elm Grove School for January, 1884: Number enrolled during term, 50; No. females, 27; No. males, 23; average daily attendance, 33. Pupils neither absent nor tardy: Ella Logan, Katie Scott, John Scott, Fannie Browning, Lillian Pickett, Jessie Douke, Cora Douke, Canella Sine, W. W. Dawson, Frank Dawson, G. F. Scott, J. N. Scott and Charles Ward. Rank in monthly examination: Grammar department, 99.4-7; Intermediate department, 98; Primary department, 96.1-5.

I. A. Lax, Teacher. Teachers' Examination. The examination of teachers will be postponed until Saturday, February 9th, on account of central examination at Prairie Chapel. Come early and prepared to do good work. Don't enter the examination for fun, as it will cost you a dollar. JOHN TRAINER, Co. Sup't.

Handsome Entertainment. All the old veterans have returned from Decatur, and it is the unanimous opinion of all that they were never treated better than in the hands of the citizens of Decatur. The comrades and citizens could be the most entertaining and which could do more honor to the old soldiers of the rebellion. Certainly all members of Kansas Post and all other old soldiers of Danville and Vermillion county have great reason for feeling happy and highly honored.

The session of the Encampment was a most harmonious one, and the largest ever held in this State. Some very important legislation for the good of the organization was enacted, and the G. A. R. of Illinois starts out with the new year in a very prosperous condition and with high expectations for the future. —Danville Commercial.

Sergeant Bates. Sergeant Bates, in his march through Georgia, has not met with the good time he was led to expect. In Atlanta he was not allowed the use of the United States court house on which to flout his flag, and at Griffin the other day there was strong talk of taking him before a commission of lunacy. —Bloomington Pantagraph.

Notice to Tax Payers. I will be in Casner on Wednesday 6th, 20th and 27th of February; in Dalton, 7th and 25th; at Prairie Hall on Tuesday, 12th and 26th; at Mt. Zion every Friday, and in Decatur every Saturday, at J. Millikin & Co's bank.

J. M. HUTTON, Collector. Feb. 7-w2w

A TRIUMPH OF SKILL.

Dr. Price's SPECIAL



FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

Prepared from Select Fruits. That yields the finest Flavor. Have been used for years. Become The Standard Flavoring Extracts. None of Greater Strength. None of such Perfect Purity. Always certain to impart to Cakes, Puddings, Sauces, the natural Flavor of the Fruit.

MANUFACTURED BY STEELE & PRICE, Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo. Dealers of Lippell's Yeast Candy, Dr. Price's Cherry Baking Powder, and Dr. Price's Orange Perfume. WE MAKE NO SECOND GRADE GOODS.

Farmers' Column.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned will sell at his residence, one-half mile east of Decatur, on Wednesday, Feb. 20, 1884, the following property: Four good work horses, 2 three-year old colts, 1 pair of two-year steers this spring, 2 two-year old beefers this spring, 2 good milk cows, 2 steers, 1 yearling cow, 1 yearling bull, 1 pair of spade sows and barrows, 1 brood sow, 2 brood wags, 1 spring wagon, one 12-inch plow, new; two 14-inch plows, one new; two cultivators, 2 barrows, 1 roller, 1 revolving stalk rake, 1 hay rake, 1 corn-planter, and Barnes' wire check-rower, new; three sets of harness, 2 iron kettles, 2 log chains, one grindstone, 1 sled, 1 hay loader, new in the barn, one rifle and household and kitchen furniture. Feb. 7-w2w JAMES E. TURNER.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned will sell at public sale at his residence, four miles northwest of Warsaw, on Tuesday, Feb. 19th, 1884, the following property: Six head of work horses, two milk cows, two yearling calves, one Osborn self-binder, Vandiver corn-planter, three sulky plows, four cultivators, pulverizer, harrow, four wagons, 1 hay rake, also household and kitchen furniture. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M. Feb. 7-w2w J. K. HAMILTON.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned will sell at his residence in Miami township, five miles northwest of Decatur, on Thursday, February 14th, 1884, Commencing at 10 o'clock A. M., the following described property: 7 head of good horses, 2 milk cows, 7 milk cows, 12 young calves, 2 yearling calves, 1 yearling cow, 1 yearling bull, 1 pair of spade sows and barrows, 1 brood sow, 2 brood wags, 1 spring wagon, one 12-inch plow, new; two 14-inch plows, one new; two cultivators, 2 barrows, 1 roller, 1 revolving stalk rake, 1 hay rake, 1 corn-planter, and Barnes' wire check-rower, new; three sets of harness, 2 iron kettles, 2 log chains, one grindstone, 1 sled, 1 hay loader, new in the barn, one rifle and household and kitchen furniture. Feb. 7-w2w J. K. HAMILTON.

SEED CORN.

FOR YELLOW SEED CORN, PERFECTLY A. H. WICKS, Box 100, Macon, Macon county, Illinois. Jan. 31-w2w

PUBLIC SALE

SHORT HORN

Jersey Cattle, HORSES, &c., AT HARRISTOWN, ILL. ON WEDNESDAY, FEB. 27th, 1884, Commencing at 10 o'clock

The subscriber will sell his entire herd of thoroughbred Short-Horn and Jersey Cattle, consisting of about 30 cows and heifers and 20 head of young calves, 12 yearling calves, 2 yearling cows, 1 yearling bull, 1 pair of spade sows and barrows, 1 brood sow, 2 brood wags, 1 spring wagon, one 12-inch plow, new; two 14-inch plows, one new; two cultivators, 2 barrows, 1 roller, 1 revolving stalk rake, 1 hay rake, 1 corn-planter, and Barnes' wire check-rower, new; three sets of harness, 2 iron kettles, 2 log chains, one grindstone, 1 sled, 1 hay loader, new in the barn, one rifle and household and kitchen furniture. Feb. 7-w2w J. N. HOYT.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE undersigned will sell at her residence, six miles northwest of Decatur and one mile north of Hartsdale, on Wednesday, February 13, 1884, the following property: One draft mare four years old, in foal; one eight-year work horse, two milk cows, one spring calf, two brood sows, 35 head of good young calves, 12 yearling calves, 1 yearling cow, 1 yearling bull, 1 pair of spade sows and barrows, 1 brood sow, 2 brood wags, 1 spring wagon, one 12-inch plow, new; two 14-inch plows, one new; two cultivators, 2 barrows, 1 roller, 1 revolving stalk rake, 1 hay rake, 1 corn-planter, and Barnes' wire check-rower, new; three sets of harness, 2 iron kettles, 2 log chains, one grindstone, 1 sled, 1 hay loader, new in the barn, one rifle and household and kitchen furniture. Feb. 7-w2w J. N. HOYT.

SEED CORN.

A large quantity of first-class selected IOWA SEED CORN, of the large and small Yellow Dent variety, in large or small quantities. Address MITCHELL VINCENT, ONAWA, IOWA. Jan. 10-w2w

FOR SALE—A Good Scott & Co. second-hand portable engine, in good running order. Call on H. Snook, 438 East Main st. 24-d&w

TAKE NOTICE.

I take this method of informing the farmers of Macon and adjoining counties that I am now ready to do all kinds of work as an Auctioneer of farm property. Experience guaranteed. Terms reasonable. Satisfaction guaranteed. Residence three miles north of Decatur, in Bloomington road. I. W. A. HOLMAN, Decatur, Ill. Jan. 8-w2w

FOR SALE.

A GOOD IMPROVED FARM OF 160 A. COWS, in a good neighborhood in Macon county. Will be sold at a bargain, as the owner is non-resident. Will also be sold for low land. For information call on or address THOS. LEONARD, Drake's Hotel, Decatur, Ill. Jan. 8-w2w

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Do You

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COMPL

Rubber

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Shoes,

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CHEAP H

Arkansas an

Along the line of

Iron Mountain & So

national & Great No

Do You Want to Economize?

IF SO, TRY THE

New Boot AND Shoe Store

WHERE THERE IS A

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

Rubber Boots and Shoes.

Men's Buckle Arctics at \$1.25.

Ladies' Buckle Arctics, \$1.00.

Stylish Kid Button Shoes, for Ladies, \$1.75.

Ladies' genuine Goat Button Shoes, that give splendid wear, \$1.75.

All Prices from 10 to 15 per Cent Less

Than what you have been paying elsewhere, at

POWERS & HAWORTH'S,

Corner North Water and Prairie Streets, New Haworth Block.

Jan. 31- wtf

CHEAP HOMES

Arkansas and Texas.

Along the line of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway, Texas & Pacific Railway and International & Great Northern Railroad, are thousands of acres of the choicest farming and grazing lands in the world, ranging in price from \$2.00 to \$3.00 and \$4.00 per acre, in a healthy country, with climate unsurpassed for salubrity and comfort. Send your address to the undersigned for a copy of statistics of crops raised in Arkansas and Texas, in 1882, and make up your mind to go and see for yourself when you learn that the crop of 1883 is 50 per cent larger than that of 1882. To those purchasing land owned by the Company, and paying one-fourth, one-half, or all cash, a proportionate rebate is allowed for money paid for tickets or freight over the Companies lines. H. C. TOWNSEND, (Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Louis, Mo. Jan. 15 -d&wtf

The Root Soap

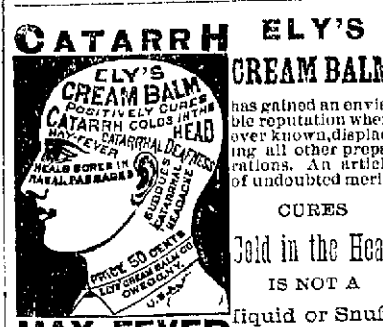


This soap is taken from the Mexican Palmeta tree, and contains no animal fat. As a toilet soap it is superior to any thing ever offered to the public. While its cleansing capacity is 5 times greater than any soap made from alkali and grease, it contains nothing that would injure the most delicate skin; on the contrary, it will cure chapped hands, pimples, sunburn and all diseases of the skin. After washing with this soap a short time the skin becomes smooth and soft, rendering the complexion clear and beautiful. It will be found valuable as a hair wash, in removing and preventing dandruff. Its great purifying and freedom from mineral and animal substances makes it the most desirable article for the infant bath that can be prepared. It is the cheapest soap you can buy, because it will go further and give better satisfaction than any other. Don't fail to give it a trial. Manufactured by B. Z. TAYLOR & CO., Decatur, Illinois. Dr. L. MIESSE, PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Professional calls promptly responded to day or night. Office and residence No. 1021 East Eldorado street, Decatur, Illinois. Dec. 18, 1883 -d&wtf

Misses' and Children's Cloaks and Havelocks



Less Than Manufacturers' Prices BIG 18 Cheap Store



A Thorough Treatment Will Cure! Unquestioned for COLD IN THE HEAD, HEADACHE AND DEAFNESS, or any kind of mucous membrane irritation. Send for circular. By mail, prepaid, 50 cts. a package—stamps received. Sold by all wholesale and retail druggists. BEX BROTHERS, Owego, N. Y. For sale by Irwin & Pelet, W. C. Armstrong, Henry Smith, C. H. Walters, Hubbard & Swearingen, Dr. A. J. Stoner, H. B. Cole and Swearingen & Shilling. Feb. 21 -d&wtf

How the Fathers Viewed It.

The New York World, which, like the Sun, is making a vigorous fight against the free-trade heresy of its own party, has been looking into the history of the great men who founded the Democratic party, and it finds that they were all protectionists. To prove this is as easy a task as "rolling off a log," and when the Carlises, Morrisons and Hurds claim that they are advocating the "time-honored principles" of Jefferson, Jackson and the rest of the fathers of their party, when they espouse the doctrine of free trade, they are not talking by the card. Washington wore a coat of domestic manufacture on the day of his inauguration, and Franklin appeared at the court of France clad in the same homely garb, and both were actuated by a respect for the universal sentiment of the people at the time, which was strongly in favor of fostering their native industries. The student of the early history of this country will search in vain to find a free trader in the convention that framed the Constitution of the United States, but he will find that the first Congress passed a high protective tariff at its first session, and amended it by making it still more stringent at the second session.

When the World gets through proving that the early and original Democrats were all protectionists, let it read its party leaders a lesson on the effects of the two "revenue reform" experiments of its party in 1833 and in 1846. The Clay-Calhoun compromise tariff of 1833 produced the financial panic of 1837, and for the first time introduced repudiation into our public affairs. One historian says that "a greater public calamity had never fallen upon the country." It was a Southern measure, brought forward by a section of the Union that knew nothing of a diversified industry, but which was devoting all its energies to raising tobacco, cotton, rice and sugar, and to breeding negroes for sale. The Southern slaveholders manufactured nothing, but purchased everything, and wanted to buy where they could buy the cheapest. Martin Van Buren's Administration felt the full effects of the low tariff of 1833, and the people arose in their majesty and overthrew it in 1840 by the election of Harrison and Tyler. The tariff of 1846 was another Democratic experiment in favor of "a tariff for revenue only," and two years later the industrial interests of the country were so paralyzed that the Democratic party was again defeated by the election of a Whig President—Zachary Taylor.

The Carlises, Morrisons, Hurds and Blackburns would be glad to repeat the fatal experiments of 1833 and 1846, and, if they are allowed to have their own way, the same disastrous results will be sure to follow. AMERICAN ideas run so largely in the direction of creation, invention, and device, it is not at all surprising to hear that a Yankee has proposed to the Italian government to construct a tunnel in the side of Mt. Vesuvius for the purpose of letting the superfluous lava run into the sea instead of spouting out at the top to the constant terror of Naples. This would so effectually disgust the antiquary furnace that it would utterly refuse to cool its offended dignity by shooting off any more gall.

The New Jersey Assembly has been trying its hand at the solution of the tariff problem, the result being the adoption of a resolution declaring in favor of "a tariff for revenue limited to the necessary expenditures of the government, and so adjusted as to give protection and encouragement to home productive industry and labor without producing or fostering monopolies." All parties might easily unite on such a proposition, we should say; but who is going to tell us how to make a tariff of that pleasing and beautiful character?

New York has a catering company which sends meals around in a wagon so constructed that the whole inside is heated by steam, and the cooking goes on while the vehicle is moving from place to place. Each wagon holds twelve meals, but on account of the number of courses served, meals for one will answer for two, meals for three will suffice for five, and meals for six will do for ten. The prices are not particularly inviting, however. Two meals a day are furnished, and the rates are \$12 a week for one person, \$18 for two, \$23 for three, and so on up to six persons, for which number the charge is \$35.

A GERMAN physician defined the main difference in the effects of whiskey and beer to be: "Viskey makes you kill somebody else; mit beer you only kills yourself." SEVEN members of the present House of Representatives have died since their election. They are Herndon, Alabama; Cutts, Iowa; Haskell, Kansas; Herron, Louisiana; Pool, North Carolina; Updegraff, Ohio, and Mackey, of South Carolina.

"You're Killin' Dimmocrats." Washington Letter: During the late War of the Rebellion, Col. Dast, one of the bravest of Georgians, commanded a regiment from his State in the Confederate army. He was here only a short time since, and said to a friend: "I have always had a great respect for the valor of the Massachusetts troops, and there was one regiment particularly—the Ninth—which fought us like tigers. It so happened that during several engagements we were pitted against each other, and there was much desperate work, I can assure you. During one of our encounters we were fortunate enough to surround one of their companies, and as we were shooting away they, seeing that unless they surrendered they were sure of annihilation, showed the white flag. Unfortunately this was not seen by my command, and several shots were fired after I had given the order to cease. In the midst of this desultory firing there came a strong Hibernian voice from out of the bushes: 'Howld up, yez accoundrels. We have surrendered, and yer killen' Dimmocrats.'"

New York Tribune, (Rep.): It seems good to Democratic journals to sneer whenever an American Senator asks whether American citizens are still murdered for their opinions. This is in keeping. A stream cannot rise higher than its source. The party that has reaped the fruits of systematic assassination could not be expected to teach through its organs a decent regard for law, for the lives of citizens, or for the rights which are held sacred by the Constitution and by those who are fit to live under it. The coarse sneer is a self-betrayal. Men who do not respect the rights of others are not yet fit to have rights of their own.

WHEN a gambler is doing a good business he is doing a bad business.

NEW YORK MARKET.

NEW YORK, Feb. 6. WHEAT—\$1.00 1/2 Feb; \$1.08 1/2 March; April; \$1.13 1/2 May. CORN—61 1/2 Feb; 63 1/2 Mar; — Apr; 63 1/2 May. OATS—40 Feb; 41 Mar; — Apr; May 42 1/2.

THE DECATUR RETAIL MARKET.

Ruling Prices at the Various Stores—Wheat and Coal.

DECATUR, ILL., Feb. 7, 1884.

THE PRODUCE MARKET. Flour—First grade, White Leaf, \$3.50 per hundred; second grade, \$3.40; third, \$3.30. DUCKWHEAT—Bulk, 6 cents a pound; package, 25 and 45 cents each. CORN MEAL—70 cents a bushel. CORN—Roasted, 3 to 7 lbs for a dollar; green, 3 1/2 to 5 lbs for a dollar; postage coffee, 15 and 20 cents. SUGAR—Cut Leaf, 8 lbs for a dollar; powdered, 9 lbs; A, 10 lbs; extra C, 10 1/2 lbs. APPLES—\$1.20 to \$1.30 per bushel. EGGS—50 cents a dozen. TURNIPS—40 cents a bushel. POTATOES—40 cents a bushel. CABBAGE—15 to 20 cents a head. CEBERY—15 cents a bunch. ORANGES—Florida, 50 cents a dozen. WALNUTS—75 cents a bushel. HICKORYNUTS—\$1.25 to \$1.50 a bushel. BUTTER—Country, 25 and 30 cents; Decatur Creamery, 40 cents a pound. LARD—12 1/2 cents a pound. BACON—12 1/2 to 15 cents a pound. HAMS—16 cents a pound. CHICKENS—Dressed, 25 and 30 cents each; alive, 20 and 25 cents each. TURKEYS—15 cents a pound dressed. CHANDLERIES—12 1/2 and 15 cents a quart. SYRUPS—From 50 to \$1.00 a gallon. STOCK PRICES. COWS AND HEIFERS—Decatur butchers are paying \$4.00 to \$4.50 per hundred pounds. STEERS—\$4.50 to \$5.50 a hundred. SHEEP—\$3.50 to \$4.00 per hundred. HOGS—\$5.00 to \$6.00. Butchers sell pork at 6 1/2 to 12 1/2 cents per pound; same for mutton, and 8 to 20 cents a pound for beef. COAL. Decatur and all other soft coal \$2.25 a ton delivered; \$1.75 a ton at yards. Indiana Block, \$3.50 a ton. Lohigh hard coal, \$9.00 a ton; Lackawana, \$8.50 a ton. GRAIN. Dealers are paying the following prices per bushel for grain: WHEAT—95 cents. CORN—35 to 45 cents. OATS—27 to 30 cents. RYE—40 cents. HAY. HAY—Loose hay is selling at \$7 to \$8 a ton; baled hay at \$10 a ton, and straw at \$3.50.

CLEARANCE SALE

—OF—

Fall and Winter Goods LINN & SCRUGGS

Will dispose of Fall and Winter Goods from now until the 20th of February at Greatly Reduced Prices.

Farmers and Mechanics, as well as the people generally, can profit by the Reduction.

Hosiery, Gloves, Underwear, Cloaks Shawls, Flannels, Blankets, Winter Dress Goods, Bleached and Brown Muslins, will show a marked difference in favor of the purchaser.

New Goods are received every day, so that our stock is kept fresh and complete in all departments,

—IN—

DRY GOODS, CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, WALL PAPERS and WINDOW MATERIALS of every description.

LINN & SCRUGGS,

Agents for Butterick's Patterns and Old Dominion Buck Gloves.

December 20-d&wtf

DECATUR ONE-PRICE CLOTHING

—AND—

Merchant Tailoring Establishment,

CORNER OF OLD SQUARE.

We have just received an elegant line of middle-weight

PIECE GOODS,

Which will be made up in the latest style and best workmanship at

VERY LOW PRICES!

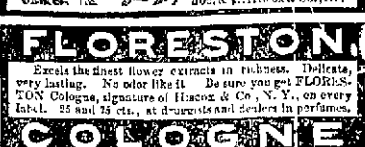
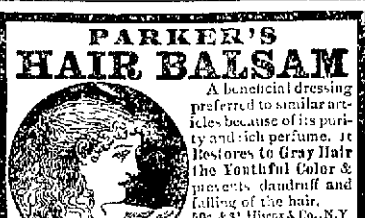
Our Great Slaughter of Winter Goods

STILL GOES ON.

FLEURY, the French Cutter,

Corner of Old Square, Decatur, Ill.

Feb. 4, 1884-d&wtf.



Feb. 20 -d&wtf

P. PERL,



FUNERAL DIRECTOR

MAY 27, '83-dtf.

The Weekly Republican.

Published at the post office at Decatur, Illinois, as second class mail matter.

The January reduction of the public debt is estimated at nearly \$12,000.

A "JOHN A. LOGAN CLUB" has been formed at Beatrice, Neb., with over 500 members.

The prohibition question is developing a sharp fight in the Iowa legislature. The Republican members are not solid by any means on the extreme legislation proposed.

The growing wheat and barley of Canada is well protected if snow will do it, as there is from eight to twenty feet of the "beautiful" covering Her Majesty's Dominion.

Hon. JAMES A. CONNELLY was yesterday nominated by the President for reappointment as United States District Attorney for the Southern District of Illinois. Richard S. Tuthill was nominated for the same office in the Northern District.

The Chicago Times sadly remarks that "every day furnishes new proof of the fact that the Bourbons in Congress, as out of Congress, are all torn up on the tariff question, and that with respect to all other living questions it is much the same."

The Chicago Journal of February 1 contains an interview with Ex-Gov. Oglesby, concerning his candidacy for governor, the principal points of which are: That he is not seeking the nomination, does not want it unless he is the choice of the Republican party, and will make no fights, combinations or promises to secure the nomination; that he does not want to go to the United States Senate again, that he has nobody to punish, and only desires Republican success.

The Methodist General Conference, which meets in Philadelphia next May, will have three new Bishops to elect in place of three who have died since the last meeting of the Conference in 1880; and an effort will be made to have a fourth one provided for, in view of the growth of the Church. Among those most prominently mentioned for these dignified and important positions are Dr. J. M. Walden, of Cincinnati, whose election is practically conceded, Dr. C. H. Fowler, of Chicago; Dr. A. J. Knyett, of Philadelphia; Dr. Jacob Todd, of Newark; and Dr. Daniel Curry, of New York.

KATE FIELD, writing from Salt Lake City, calls in question several statements of President Taylor, of the Mormon Church. Mr. Taylor having said that there were no waifs and strays in Salt Lake as in the large cities of Christendom, Miss Field says: "There are not as many waifs and strays in Salt Lake City as in New York or Boston or Chicago, but Governor Murray declares, and I believe, that there are more waifs and strays in this town than in any town of equal population."

It is a source of profound regret to all our better people that Gen. McClelland was not more respectfully treated while making his speech at the tabernacle last night, and the regret is intensified by the knowledge that the disgraceful conduct was principally, if not entirely, upon the part of a lot of boys and young hoodlums who belong in Decatur, and who seem to have no respect whatever for age or eminent public services. Gen. McClelland is a venerable gentleman who has shed renown upon his State and country, both in the field and in Congress, and he should have been accorded a respectful hearing. The majority of those present desired to hear him, and his address was an appropriate and well timed effort, that would have been highly enjoyed by all present if they had not been prevented by the unpardonable rudeness of those who ought to have known better. It was an exhibition that brought a blush of shame to the cheek of every citizen of Decatur who values the good name of our city.

Leading styles, low prices, and square dealing, are leaders with Cheap Charley.

The following is from the Chicago Journal: "If ever the American people should become so short sighted as to adopt free trade, or any approach to it, they must also adopt direct taxation in order to raise a sufficient amount of revenue to defray the expenses of the federal government. And when they make up their minds to adopt that absurd policy, they must not forget that federal taxation, under the constitution, is not according to wealth, but according to population. Direct taxation is the most obnoxious form by which a public revenue has ever been attempted to be raised, because it reaches out its iron grip and thrusts its meddlesome fingers into every man's pocket, whether he is willing or not; whereas, an indirect tax, like the one levied by the tariff upon imported goods, is seldom felt to be a burden, and is cheerfully paid."

The Philadelphia Press has the following: "Since Mr. Morrison has been made chairman of the Ways and Means committee, there has been a great deal of talk about his becoming the Democratic Presidential candidate, but his friends in Washington seem to take little stock in the rumor. They say that Morrison really wishes to obtain the Democratic nomination for Governor of Illinois next fall as a stepping-stone to a seat in the Senate, and that he thinks he could be elected Governor without difficulty. The assumption is based on the anticipation of a split in the Republican party on the temperance issue. Morrison has made several party bids for the Presidency, but he understands that the plan is at present very far beyond his reach."

WASHINGTON Republican, (Re p): The war is not over. The war of opinion must and will go on until everywhere in the land the humblest citizen may record his will through the ballot box, until the will of numbers—the real sovereignty in Nation and State—shall, under the constitution, be supreme in the things of which it should of right have control.

Large Amounts of Foreign Wheat. The editor of the Mark Lane Express, the English authority on the railroads of southern Russia, and the consequent cheapening of freight rates has led to the accumulation of 9,300,000 bushels of wheat at Odessa. The foreign wheat market is generally reported dull. At Liverpool there is great depression, and it is not thought that the bottom has yet been reached. American farmers should take note of all these items, and do all they can to encourage and enlarge our home market for wheat. Considerable quantities of wheat are shipped into the United States now, and the prospects are that England and other wheat buying nations, will continue to increase their consumption of wheat from Russia and other wheat growing countries across the seas, and will take less and less from the United States.

In reply to a reporter's question as to whether she intended that her baby daughter should in time go upon the stage, Madame Gerster said: "No, no, I shall have, I hope, fortune enough to keep her off the stage. In a few years I look forward to retiring myself. Then I shall lead a life like a country woman, on my estate near Bologna. You must understand that, dearly as I love music, I am not enamored of the footlights. Off the stage I wish to be nothing more than the wife of my husband, Signor Gardini."

Grave Robbers. Of all classes of people the professional grave robbers are the most despised. He robs us of our dear friends for a few dollars. How different is this new grave robber, Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure, which robs graves of thousands of consumptives. This unequalled remedy for coughs, colds and consumption, whooping cough, croup and all throat and lung diseases, embues and cures these troubles speedily, safely and thoroughly. Trial bottle free of Dr. A. J. Storer, physician and druggist, 14 south side new square, Decatur, Ill.

STRAWberries are dear at \$12 a quart, any one may have an imitation of a winter kind by soaking a small globe of half-boiled turnip in a liquid composed of one-third vinegar and two-thirds dish water, serve with powdered sugar, and have ready a little bi-carbonate of soda to cure the hiccups.—N. Y. Herald.

PLEASE note the fact that Linn & Scruggs do not advertise goods in season as well as out of season at panic prices, as is common with competitors, and proof of incompetency or knavery, and they are therefore the more entitled to the confidence of the public when they offer goods at the close of the season at greatly reduced prices. Jan 2-d&wt

LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

\$2.50 shoes for \$2.00 at J. W. Baker's. The Emma Bond benefit at Pans Thursday night settled a good sum.

\$2.50 shoes for \$2.00 at J. W. Baker's. Just received new piece goods, latest patterns, at Fleury's.

The John Q. Adams murder case has been continued for trial to the May term of the circuit court.

\$2.50 shoes for \$2.00 at J. W. Baker's. At J. W. Tyler, jr's get just the sort of reliable harness you want, at lowest living figures.

The Jenney Electric Light will soon be ready for use in Decatur. Mr. Weaver, of the contracting company, is in town completing arrangements for the introduction of the light.

We are constantly receiving the latest Shapes in Suits and Soft Hats. Fleury, the French Cutter.

\$3.00 shoes for \$2.50 at J. W. Baker's. The fact that Decatur was really the birthplace of the Grand Army of the Republic organization, was frequently commented on at the reunion of the past week.

ANDY DUNSTON has purchased the H. C. Linder property on Cemetery street, at the foot of South Main street. He paid \$2500 for the lot, the large barn and residence property. It is thought to be a bargain.

DeWitt county expects to recover on the value of about 5,230 acres of swamp land under the indemnifying act of Congress of 1857. The amount secured will be between \$7,000 and \$8,000, out of which the cost of proving up the claim will have to be paid.

DECATUR's only one price Clothing and Merchant Tailoring Establishment, corner Old Square.

The home of Allen Lichtenberger, son James L., in Whitmore township, was entered by burglars this week and robbed of \$18 in money. No arrests.

One great slaughter sale of Winter Goods still goes on. Fleury, the French Cutter.

It is now thought that Dr. J. H. Axton will not recover from the effects of the injuries received at Marion in the altercation with Dr. Phillips. His condition is deemed very critical.

The Republican State Central Committee will meet at the Grand Pacific Hotel, Chicago, Feb. 12th, at noon. The date chosen is the 75th anniversary of the birth of Lincoln.

ROCHESTER shoes worth \$4.00 and \$4.50 for \$3.00 and \$3.50 at J. W. Baker's.

The people's "Reliable Square Dealing Clothier" is Cheap Charley.

Wilson Bros.' fine dress shirts for sale at B. Stine's.

Mrs. Women's and Children's Arctic Overshoes, at BARBER & BAKER'S. \$3.00 shoes for \$2.50 at J. W. Baker's.

Any pair of the following for \$1.00 Boys' \$1.50 boots, boys' \$2.00 boots, boys' \$2.00 shoes, mens' \$2.50, \$2.00 and \$1.50 slippers, misses' \$2.50, \$2.00 and \$1.50 shoes, women's \$2.00 shoes, ladies' fine \$1.50 slippers, and many other attractive bargains at one dollar a pair, at L. L. Ferriss & Co's. Call early. 7d&wt

Mr. W. W. Shockey, the contracting carpenter and builder, has returned to the city from Chicago, and is now prepared to give figures on erecting store buildings, dwellings, barns or any kind of structures. He is well known in the community as a good and responsible contractor, and parties desiring to build a house well and substantially built will do well to confer with Mr. Shockey.

The finest, purest and best flavors for cakes, puddings, pastry, &c., are Dr. Price's Special Flavoring Extracts. In this age of adulteration, it is gratifying to find an effort to stick by the old path of honesty, and consumers owe it to themselves to patronize those making the effort. For natural flavorings none compare with Dr. Price's.

Carpenter Still Silent. Gossip about the Zura Burns case is one of the chief occupations of the Lincoln people, and all sorts of stories are afloat. This is from the Lincoln Journal of Thursday "Up to the present time not a word has fallen from the lips of Carpenter's counsel as to what the defense will be. They have instructed their client to remain silent as the grave. They seem to rest much confidence in the inability of the state to prove that their client committed the deed. The past standing of Carpenter is considered to be a strong point in their favor that O. A. Carpenter did not murder Zura Burns. Last night Mr. Forrest informed a Journal correspondent that the defense were preparing some kind of a surprise party which he was ready to attend. He expressed the opinion that the grand jury was being re-elected." The trial is set for Feb. 6th.

Griggs' Glycerine Salve. The best on earth, can truly be said of Griggs' Glycerine Salve, which is a sure cure for cuts, bruises, scalds, burns, wounds, and all other sores. Will positively cure piles, tetter and all skin eruptions. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only 25 cents. For sale by Dr. A. J. Storer, physician and druggist, 14 south side new square, Decatur, Ill. 14s19-d&wt

Business Card. A. T. SUMMERS, Attorney at Law and Notary Public, Largest Collection Business in the City. All legal business promptly attended to. Office, second door south of Court House. 29d&wt

Bora's flannel waists at Stine's. 11

PERSONAL MENTION.

Thomas Atterberry, of Macon, is dead. J. H. Pritchett and bride are guests of the parents of the groom, Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Pritchett.

J. H. Vennigerholz has leased the Geo. D. Haworth residence for a year, and will take possession in March next.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank P. Roach are now at home in their new cottage on West North street.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Hill have gone to Hot Springs, Ark., to remain until spring. They are accompanied by their daughter, Mrs. Thomas Boue, who lately arrived here from Kansas.

Senator Conder, of Chicago who attended the Encampment, has just left Springfield where he formally announced himself as a candidate for the Republican nomination for Lieutenant-Governor. He is a member of Post 28 and will probably get there.

John W. McMann, the tax man for the Wabash road, is in the city to-day looking over the 1883 books in the county clerk's office, noting the assessments entered. The P. D. & E. man was here yesterday. He paid Clerk Barry a high compliment by declaring the books kept in better shape than any he had seen elsewhere, and that so far as he could discern there was not a single error in any of the entries as relating to his road.

The use of Ely's Cream Balm, a sure cure for Catarrh, Hay Fever and Cold in Head, is attended with no pain, annoyance or dread, which can be said of no other remedy. Price 50 cents.

Apply into nostrils with the finger. My daughter and myself, great sufferers from Catarrh, have been cured by Ely's Cream Balm. My sense of smell restored and health greatly improved. C. M. STANLEY, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Ithaca, N. Y.

From B. F. Lapsner, A. M., Red Bank, N. J.: I have been troubled with Catarrh so badly for several years that it seriously affected my voice. I tried Dr. —'s remedy without the slightest relief. One Bottle of Ely's Cream Balm did the work. My voice is fully restored and my head feels better than for years. B. F. Lapsner. 29d&wt

ROCHESTER shoes worth \$1.00 and \$1.50 for \$3.00 and \$3.50 at J. W. Baker's.

1,000 Corsets.

Owing to one great desire to supply every want or demand in the above named department, or perhaps out liberal and extravagant mode of buying, we have accumulated a stock of this class of merchandise away beyond a reasonable demand. We have therefore inaugurated a clearance sale, and offer

The Best Dollar Corset at 75 cents; The Best 75c Corset at 50 cents; and a very excellent 50c Corset at 25c. Big 18 24d&wt

Keep Warm. You can buy a good overcoat at John Irwin's White Front for \$2.50. Dec. 25, d&wt

A LARGE variety of Holiday goods can be found at Cheap Charley's. 11

An elegant assortment of gent's fine embroidered night shirts at B. Stine's. If you want mail feed, corn or oats, you can be supplied at Shillabarger's. Dec. 18—d&wt

Fleury, the French Cutter, has added fifty rare coats to his already superb collection. You can see them in his window, corner old square. 11

When your wife's health is bad, when your children are sickly, when you feel worn out, use Brown's Iron Bitters.

DISEASE CURED Without Medicine.

A Valuable Discovery for supplying Magnesium to the Human System. Electric Light and Magnetism utilized as never before for treating the Sick.

THE MAGNETIC APPLIANCE CO'S Magnetic Kidney Belt.

FOR MEN.

WARRANTED TO CURE. Cured, the following diseases without medicine: Pain in the back, tips, head or limbs, nervous debility, impotence, general debility, rheumatism, paralysis, Neuritis, Scutitis, Diseases of the Kidneys, Spinal Diseases, Torpid Liver, Gout, Seminal Emissions, Impotency, Asthma, Heart Disease, Dropsy, Constipation, Brachitis, Indigestion, Hernia or Rupture, Catarrh of Bladder, Euphrasia, Dumb Ague, etc.

TO THE LADIES. If you are afflicted with the following diseases, the MAGNETIC APPLIANCE CO'S ORGANS occur: Lost Vitality, Lack of Nerve Force and Vigor, Wasting Weakness, and all these diseases, of a personal nature, from whatever cause, the continuous stream of Magnesium permeating through the parts, must restore them to a healthy action. There is no medicine in this appliance.

For all forms of Female Debility, it is an unsurpassed by anything before invented, both as a curative agent and as a source of power and vitality. Price of either Belt or Magnetic Appliance \$5.00, sent by express, C. O. D., and examination allowed or by mail on receipt of price. In ordering send measure of waist, and size of shoe. Assistance can be made in cutting, sent in letter at our risk.

The Magnetic Appliances are adapted to all ages, are worn over the underclothing, and report to the body like the many Gals and Electric Humbugs advertised so extensively, and should be taken off at night. They hold their TOWNS FURNISH, and are worn at all seasons of the year.

Send stamp for the New Departure in Medical Treatment without Medicine, with full particulars of treatment.

THE MAGNETIC APPLIANCE CO. 218 State St., Chicago, Ill.

NOTE.—Send one dollar in postage stamp, and cutting your letter our risk with street shoe usually worn and try a pair of our New Appliances, and be convinced of the power of having in our other Magnetic Appliances. Positively no cure for when they are worn, or money refunded. 29d&wt

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of MARY E. DUNN, Deceased. THE undersigned, having been appointed Executor of the estate of MARY E. DUNN, late of the County of Macon and State of Illinois, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the County Court of Macon county, at the court house in Decatur, on the 28th day of January, 1884, to settle and adjust all claims against said estate and all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Done this 28th day of January, 1884. Jan. 31—d&wt D. P. KELLER, Executor.

599,114 Human Imports.

DURING THE YEAR ENDING June, 1883, there came to this country 599,114 emigrants. The previous year there were many more. The most valuable imports came duty free. We might well afford a bounty on them. They bring money, they produce, they consume. Coming to better themselves, they help all the rest of us.

Facts like these choke croakers. The breezy trade at B. STINE'S is inspiring. People are appreciating the great stock of Splendid Clothing for men and boys, and the popular prices. It is needless to specify details—a sentence tells it all.

The Completest Clothing House In Central Illinois.

B. STINE.

Feb 1—wt

FURNACES! FURNACES!



We have employed a practical furnace man from Chicago, and taken the Agency for the

CELEBRATED "BOYNTON" FURNACE,

which is acknowledged to be the BEST IN THE MARKET.

Parties thinking of building will do well to get our figures on a FIRST-CLASS WARRANTED FURNACE; or, if YOUR OLD ONE NEEDS OVERHAULING, come and have it done right by a man who knows how.

BALTIMORE HEATER

A FULL LINE OF HARDWARE, MANTELS, GRATES, &c.

Good Goods at Bottom Figures.

Ferguson & Dillehunt,

125 North Water Street

Feb. 1, 1884—d&wt

CHEAP SALE

Embroideries!

HAMBURG SWISS, IRISH POINT and INDIAN TRIMMINGS.

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL GOODS!

Not ten days out of Custom House, (no job lots) Have marked them all at prices that will sell them quick. We want every body to inspect this line of goods.

S. G. HATCH & BRO

143 East Main St., Powers' Block.

Jan. 23—d&wt

E. C. GE

Austin Powers

Wholesale and

GUNS, R

Caps, Cartridges, Wads, S

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And a

SPORTING

We carry a large

AUSTIN'S CELE

SPORTING

Try AUSTIN'S CLUB and you w

Several

Champion

In Superior

- 1st. It is the
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Jan. 19, 1884

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Jan. 1—d

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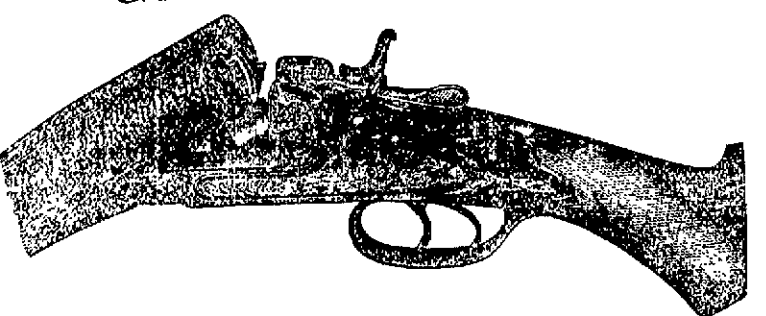
JOHN A. BE

And MARTIN

store. Extra

E. C. REESE,

GENERAL AGENT



Austin Powder Co., Hercules Powder Co.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

GUNS, REVOLVERS,

Caps, Cartridges,
Wads, Shells,
Safety Fuse,
Miners' Squibs,

And a full line of

SPORTING GOODS.

We carry a large and complete stock of

AUSTIN'S CELEBRATED MINING AND
SPORTING POWDER.

Try AUSTIN'S CLUB SPORTING POWDER
and you will have no other.

Several reasons why the

Champion Roller Skate

Is Superior to All Others:

- 1st. It is the most durable and simplest in construction.
- 2nd. It is the lightest and easiest running.
- 3rd. It is the nicest looking and is made of the best material.
- 4th. It has the easiest and most perfect lateral motion.
- 5th. It has two rubber springs and a double or equal pressure on both of them at the same time, and which no other skate in the world has.
- 6th. It is the only skate having the rubber springs boxed in by metallic side-flanges.
- 7th. When not in use there is no strain or pressure on the rubber springs, making them last longer than on any other skate.
- 8th. It is the only skate made having a vertical tongue between the rubber springs by which a double or equal pressure is secured and the rubber kept in spongy condition at all times.
- 9th. The rubber springs can be changed without removing the skate from the foot.
- 10th. The box-wood wheels have metal boxing, making them light running and durable.
- 11th. The foot-boards are oblonged and will not scar or scale off.
- 12th. It is the most practical Rink Skate in America, and is acknowledged by experts to be the CHAMPION ROLLER SKATE OF THE WORLD. Special prices by the dozen or on job lots.
- 13th. The Largest Stock and Best Variety of GUNS in the city.

E. C. REESE,

257 North Main St., Decatur, Ill.

Jan. 10, 1884-d&wmo

JANUARY 1, 1884.

WE TO-DAY REDUCE

All Gents' Undershirts and Drawers,
Ladies' and Children's Vests and
Drawers,
All Felt and Balmoral Skirts,
All Ladies' and Children's Wool Stock-

ings and Leggings,

Our Entire Stock of Blankets,
All Cassimeres and Wool Shawls

To 20 Per Cent. Discount for Cash.

All of balance of stock of Cloaks at deductions
to suit purchasers.

F. L. HAYS & CO.

Jan. 1-d&wtf

By the Light of Day.

Past Impossibilities the Facts of the
Present—Help in the New Era.

"I remember when they were putting up the poles for the first telegraph line in the State of New York, and now look there!" exclaimed a citizen of the metropolis to his friend, as the two stood on the summit of the tall Equitable Building in Broadway. "The city is strung with wires like a harp, and the electric communication is the daily miracle of the world. People no longer wonder and laugh at it as they did at Morse when he first suggested its possibility."

The age marches on and prejudices must give way. Nobody doubts the truth. Even the conservative gulls of physicians admit that the secrets of medicine are shared by all men. "I dressed his wound, and God healed him," said John Galt, "and that terrible disease, Rheumatism, was supposed to be a shifting, local ailment, now attacking the joints and now the muscles. To-day it is demonstrated to be a disease of the blood."

Mrs. Henry Bogert, of No. 44 Atlantic Avenue, Brooklyn, N.Y., writes to Messrs. H. C. & Co. of New York, proprietors of PARKER'S TONIC, that "she had been completely disabled from rheumatism and pain in the back and limbs. She was advised to take the Tonic for Kidney Disease. She did so, and her Rheumatism disappeared." The reason is simple. Diseased kidneys produce Rheumatism. Cure them and you destroy Rheumatism. This is now admitted by all intelligent physicians. It is the new light thrown on their time-worn and mistaken theories. PARKER'S TONIC, which is a combination of the best remedies for the blood known to science, is universally successful in combating this terrible common complaint. Those who, like Mrs. Bogert, suffer from Kidney or Liver disease, or any complaint arising from impure blood, will find the Tonic a prompt and certain remedy. Prices, 50 cents and \$1 per bottle. The larger size the cheaper.

TAPISSIER FRERES' GREASE PROOF SILK.

The London Queen and London Wel-

don's Journal say:

"This silk gives every satisfaction, both as to richness, durability and price, it being a special make, free from deleterious compositions."

Messrs. Tapissier Freres will replace any length complained of as not fulfilling the advantages claimed. Demand with each purchase the blue ticket guaranteeing wear. For sale by
LINN & SORRELLS.

Oct. 2-d&wtf

Come and see our Grand display of fine overcoats and suits for the Holidays, at
CHEAP CHARLEY.

When you want good clothing at low prices, visit Cheap Charley.

\$2.50 shoes for \$2.00 at J. W. Baker's.

ALL kinds of gent's wear at B. Stine's.

SHELLABARGER'S patent process flour saves one-half the labor in baking, and will make more bread to the pound than any other flour sold here.

dec18d&wtf

SKIN CURE

Is a specific cure for all Diseases of the Skin, especially Salt Rheum or Eczema, Scrofula, Scald Head, Tetter, Hives, Rash, Dandruff, Barber's Itch, Piles, Boils, Carbuncles, Ulcers, Blisters, Chafing of Infants and Adults, Burn or Scald, Stings, Plant-Poisoning, Pimples, Rose-Rash, Itching, Sunburn, and for all Syphilitic Ulcers and Eruptions this remedy is a positive cure without the use of internal remedies.

CATARRH CURE

Is a specific cure for Catarrh, acute or chronic, Cold in the Head, Hay Fever, Snuffles and Sneezing. All Diseases of the Nose are cured without fail by this sovereign remedy. It is the only cure for Hay Fever and Rose Cold.

COUGH CURE

Is the most wonderful cough medicine ever prepared. It is a specific cure for Whooping Cough, Bronchial and Winter Cough. It contains no ipecac, tartar emetic, prussic acid, opium or any drug or chemical, being purely vegetable. General directions in 10 languages.

PAPILLON MFG. CO., CHICAGO.

FOR SALE BY

C. E. WALTERS,
HUBBARD & SWEARINGEN,
A. J. STONER,
Nov. 8, 1883-wly

SPRING OF 1884.

FRIENDS CREEK

NURSERY!

We offer for the coming Spring an assortment of Apple, Crab, Pear, Plum, Cherry, Peach, Apricot, Mulberry, Persimmon, Pecan and Quince trees; Currant, Gooseberry, Raspberry, Grape Vines, and the hardy Snyder Blackberry.

STR WBERRIES.

the most prolific and best kinds adapted to this climate, some growing berries six inches in circumference.

ASPARAGUS, RHUBARB,

and other garden roots;

EVERGREENS.

two and three trees transplanted; 2,000 Norway Spruce, 2 to 7 feet; 1,000 Scotch and Austrian Pine, 3 to 10 feet; 1,000 Arbor Vitae, 2 to 7 feet; 1,000 Red Cedar, Irish, English and Prostrate Juniper, 1 to 4 feet, with other ornamental trees and shrubs; 1,000 soft and sub-leaved Maple, or Box Elder, heavy, 16 to 20 feet; Catalpa, red bud, blooming size; 2,000 Elm, Box Elder, Soft Maple, Walnut, White Birch, Kentucky Coffee, and Poplar 12 to 21 feet, with Asparagus, Maple, and smaller trees of most of the above-named.

HEDGE PLANTS.

one and two years;
15,000 LILY BULBS
of established and rare kinds, for out and in doors cultivation.

2,000 GLADIOLAS.

white, light and striped, with a named assortment of the choicest and newest kinds.

DAHLIAS.

double and single, of the best and latest varieties. ROSBOS, of the very best kinds of Hybrid Perpetuas, climbing and ever blooming.

HYACINTHS.

Hyacinthus Canadensis, Tulip, Lily of the Valley, Snow Drops, Crocus Narcissus, Jonquils, Iris, Clematis and other climbers. Peoples, with other flowering roots and bulbs. I have again rented a large store, where we will have an assortment of the above stock as soon as the planting season opens. Will be there every Wednesday, Friday and Saturday, to sell and take orders through the planting season.

SAMUEL BONEHAM.

Proprietor of the Friends Creek Nursery, 3/4 miles north of Okeana.
Dec. 12-d&wtf

Dutch Cattle.

There has been very much discussion, often neither good-tempered nor profitable, concerning the name of the large black and white cattle imported from Holland. The name Holstein is most common in this country, being more generally recognized by agricultural associations. Holstein formerly belonged to Denmark, now to Prussia. It lies north of Holland. Not many of the cattle called by the name are imported from Holstein. It is claimed by some that the good qualities of the Dutch cattle are partly from importations formerly made from Holstein. Friesland is in the north part of Holland. Those who prefer the name Friesian, or West Friesian, claim that the best and purest bred dairy cows are obtainable from that part of Holland. The belted Dutch cattle so persistently show this peculiarity of coloring as to entitle them to be classed as a distinct breed or sub-breed. They have been longer introduced into this country than have the black and white-spotted cattle, but less attention has been given to their breeding, and they have not been so popular. A few years ago a few of this class were brought from New York, we believe, to Ocin, Ill. In general characteristics they resemble the Holsteins or Friesians.—Breeder's Gazette, Chicago.

True Words.

New York Graphic.

When business becomes so absorbing as to result in insomnia it is time to stop business or business will stop you. No sleep, no brain; no sleep, no vigor. Sleep means a filling up of the body and brain with new strength. Sleep is food as much as bread. There is a time to stop turning a subject over and over again until it gains complete possession of you and you turn and toss and can't lie still out of very weariness. That is one of the initiatory steps to the mad house. Sleep is money. Sound nights' rests will give you a clearer head for scheming, planning and getting the best of your fellowman. It's money in a man's pocket to be able to switch the mind off from business topics at will and play at something else.

What They Fight For.

(Exchange.)

The writer of the satirical pamphlet "John Bull and His Isle" has the following: "The French fight for glory, the Germans for a living, the Russians to divert the attention of the people from home affairs; but John Bull is a reasonable, moral, and reflecting character. He fights to promote trade, to maintain peace and order on the face of the earth, and the good of mankind in general. If he conquers a nation it is to improve its condition in this world and secure its welfare in the next; a highly moral aim, as you perceive. "Give me your territory and I will give you the bible! Exchange is no robbery."

Mr. Lockwood's Playfulness.

(Chicago News.)

The playfulness of Mr. Lockwood, the distinguished English counsel, has precipitated what may become a regular old fashioned family feud. A very important Scotch laird registered at a hotel, using, as is the custom in the highlands, the name of his ancestral home instead of his individual name. The register showed "Ballachulish and Mrs. Macnab." Mr. Lockwood and wife followed the Scotch laird, and the eminent lawyer registered in the same style, "17 Kensington Gardens and Mrs. Lockwood." The Scotchman did not relish the irony, and hence the row.

The Purchase of Arabi.

The following item is going the rounds of the British journals: A project for purchasing Arabi was seriously proposed to Lord Dufferin by Mr. Bennett, of The New York Herald, and Mr. Barnum. Arabi was for a year to be employed in writing for The Herald, and afterwards to be exhibited by Barnum. Two hundred and fifty thousand pounds was to be paid down, and Arabi was to be allowed £1,000 a year.

New York Sun, (Dem.): What is this Republican Legislature doing?

Investigating a Democratic Commissioner of Public Works in this city.

Investigating our Democratic Sheriff.

Investigating our Democratic County Clerk.

Investigating a Democratic Register who has been in office less than a month.

We do not notice that any Republican officeholders are undergoing investigation.

No wonder the New York Republicans are cheerful.

This is the winter of our Democratic discontent.

"The Old Dominion Buck Gloves," the best in the world, to be had only of Linn & Scruggs.

Cosy made clothing at manufacturer's prices, at Cheap Charley's.

Hats of all the leading styles are to be had at
CHEAP CHARLEY'S.

Stine's Surprise Party.

His new line of latest styles of neckwear.

Do not suffer with cold, you can by a suit of underwear at John Irwin's White Front, for 75 cents.

For perfect fitting clothing go and see Cheap Charley.

\$3.00 shoes for \$2.50 at J. W. Baker's.

LAST DAY OF COURT.

The December Term of 42 Days at an End.

From Friday's Daily.

The December term of the circuit court adjourned finally until the next court in course at 11 o'clock this forenoon. A large number of motions were disposed of.

GRIFFIN GETS 35 YEARS AT JOLIET.

The jury in the case of The People against Harry Griffin, on trial this week for the malicious and wilful murder of George Robinson, brought in a verdict last night, and fixed the term of the felon's imprisonment at Joliet at 35 years. Judge Nelson entered a motion for a new trial, on the ground of newly discovered evidence, but this morning the motion was withdrawn, and Judge Wilkin sentenced Griffin to 35 years in Joliet at hard labor. Griffin is nearly 30 years old. By good behavior he will have to serve about 18 years. He took the sentence without any display of emotion, and stepped aside when the Judge had finished his remarks.

The murder was committed in front of postoffice block on Sunday night, Oct. 28, 1883. The verdict of the jury gives general satisfaction.

PEOPLE'S DOCKET.

This morning James W. Clark was fined \$100 on first count for keeping gaming house, and \$500 on second count. Sentenced to serve six months in the county jail, imprisonment to commence after the expiration of prisoner's term in penitentiary.

People vs Alexander Conn, Kemp W. Conn, Isaac R. Mills and Andrew H. Mills; recognizance; judgment for the People for the amount of recognizance, \$500 and costs; motion for new trial and motion overruled; appeal prayed and allowed.

People vs John Hockingberry; burglary and larceny. Defendant sentenced to one year in the penitentiary on verdict.

People vs Thos. Gowan; assault with intent to murder. Motion for new trial overruled and judgment of court that defendant be confined in the penitentiary at hard labor for a term of three years and to pay costs.

People vs John Barger; grand larceny. Defendant sentenced to confinement in the county jail for a term of ten days.

People vs James W. Clark; perjury. Motion for new trial overruled, motion for arrest of judgment and motion overruled. Defendant sentenced to serve a term of two years and six months at hard labor in the penitentiary.

People vs John Cory; assault with intent to kill. Motion for new trial overruled. Defendant sentenced to hard labor in the penitentiary for a term of 2 years.

COMMON LAW DOCKET.

Uriah Lane vs John T. Campbell, appellant; appeal. Motion for a new trial overruled and judgment for defendant for costs.

James Locher vs Elias Dunkel; assumption. Motion for new trial overruled and judgment for plaintiff for \$550.

George Cooper and Alfred Cooper, ex-exactors, vs Joseph P. Smallwood; assumption. Judgment for defendant for his costs. Motion by plaintiff for new trial and motion overruled. Plaintiff excepts and bill of exceptions to be filed within 30 days.

James Mililink vs The City of Decatur; case. Demurrer to declaration and demurrer sustained. Plaintiff stands to demurrer and judgment for defendant for costs. Plaintiff excepts.

Leroy Ralph vs Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific Ry. Co.; trespass on the case. Motion for new trial overruled and judgment for defendant for his costs.

Susan Goodpasture vs Daniel Jones, et al; trespass on the case. Case settled and dismissed.

Joseph P. Smallwood vs James Miller; assumption. Motion for new trial; motion overruled.

Frances E. Bryant, appellant, vs Faries and Oakes; appeal. Dismissed by plaintiff at his costs.

J. L. Beath & Co vs Henry L. Archer; assumption. Judgment for plaintiff for \$273.75.

William H. Diller vs James O'Neill, appellant; appeal. Motion for new trial overruled and judgment on verdict and order of restitution allowed.

ENTRIES ON THE DOCKETS.

Disposition of Cases in Court as Ordered by the Judge.

From Saturday's Daily.

Owing to the lateness of the hour and the press of other matters the routine proceedings on the last day of the circuit court could not be published last evening. They are given below:

CHANCERY DOCKET.

In the two cases of Fred Aboltz vs A. Harpetrie a demurrer was entered to bills. In injunction case of Henry Conlin vs J. Robinson and W. Snyder, report of sale approved. In partition case of J. H. Myers vs John Schuster, et al, leave was given to amend bill and make new parties. The case of Thomas Whitaker vs Darius McVey was dismissed by complaintant. In ex parte John E. Rucker et al, partition, stricken from the docket. In the foreclosure case of Samuel Anderson vs C. E. Hunsley et al, report of sale approved; same order in foreclosure case of the S. F. B. & L. Association vs Anna Levi et al. In case of Henrietta Gephord and Anna M. Heiser vs Sarah Fisher et al, a decree was entered and G. Y. Loring Hilary Beall and H. Jacobs were appointed commissioners. In foreclosure case of W. C. Johns vs Mary E. Lehman et al, report of sale approved; same order in case of Mills & Harry vs C. A. Tuttle and Henrietta Tuttle. City of Decatur vs Fanny Hennessey, injunction, decree pro confesso against the defendant. The case of J. Mililink & Co et al vs Enos and Enos and Mililink & Co et al vs J. W. McClellan, vs Louisa Kepler and J. W. McClellan, an appeal dismissed by complaintant. An appeal was taken by complaintant in the injunction case of Aboltz and State against J. G. Goltz, E. O. Smith and W. W. Foster. The report of the master in the case of John Veech vs James Davis et al was approved.

In the divorce case of O. M. Sanford vs Sarah E. Sanford \$150 was allowed defendant for attorney fee and other expenses, to be paid by complaintant within 30 days. In the partition case of Hardy Daly et al vs Lafayette Robinson et al, the report of the commissioners was approved and decree given; solicitor's fee fixed at \$111.50; guardian's fee, \$25. The report of the master approved in the foreclosure case of Walker Bros & Co vs James D. and Sally L. Neims. The motion by complaintant to refer case of H. M. Palen vs J. G. Bentley et al to master, was

overruled. The report of the master in case of J. M. Bower vs Lucretia B. Durfee et al was approved. In case of Hannah M. Myers vs Henry Bishop et al, a decree pro confesso was given as to W. W. Foster; decree at costs of complaintant. In the case of F. Aboltz vs M. P. Murphy et al, decree pro confesso against all defendants served to December term, and continued. John Strohm vs Mary F. and John L. Watson, foreclosure; exceptions to report of master to be submitted.

COMMON LAW DOCKET.

Cases were disposed of as follows: The sci fa case of Decatur National Bank vs Monroe Sutton was dismissed at cost of plaintiff. In the assumption case of Catharine Haney vs M. K. Carroll, a motion was made to consolidate cause with 11,718 on chancery docket. In the attachment case of Martin Albert vs John Corcoran, the motion by plaintiff for a new trial was overruled and an appeal was taken. The motion by plaintiff for a new trial in case of Leroy Ralph vs the Wabash R. Co was overruled; an appeal was taken. In the appeal case of L. Corcoran vs W. W. Foster, appellant, the motion by plaintiff for a new trial was overruled, and judgment given on verdict; appeal taken. In appeal case of F. E. Bryant vs Faries & Oakes, an appeal was taken. In assumption case of J. L. Beath & Co vs H. L. Archer, a new trial was refused defendant and he took an appeal. In appeal case of J. W. Walker for use of Walker Bros & Co vs P. D. & E. R. Co, the motion of plaintiff for a new trial was overruled; plaintiff for a new trial was dismissed. In the appeal case of Wm. Lindsey vs Wabash R. Co, the motion of defendant for a new trial was allowed. In the damage case of I. J. Chronister vs City of Decatur, judgment was given plaintiff for \$48 on verdict of jury. The assumption case of the Decatur National Bank vs M. P. Murphy et al was dismissed as to parties not served at cost of plaintiff. The demurrer to the declaration in the damage case of Carlota A. Hamill vs the Wabash R. Co was sustained, and judgment was given defendant for costs.

THE FAIR MATTER.

Action Taken by the Decatur Club Last Night—Committee Appointed.

From Saturday's Daily.

A meeting of more than ordinary interest to merchants, farmers and stock men was held last evening at the Decatur Club rooms, the object and result of which are given in the subjoined report of the secretary:

DECATUR CLUB MEETING.

Quite a number of gentlemen, members of the Decatur Club, met at the club rooms last evening, as per call for a meeting of the club, appearing in the daily city papers, for the purpose of discussing the suggestion whereby the present Macon county fair grounds can be improved, county fair grounds can be improved, beautified, and utilized for fair or park purposes. Considerable interest was manifested in the subject by the members present, and after a full and free interchange of views upon that subject, the change of views upon that subject, the president appointed James Freeman, James W. Haworth, James Mililink, David S. Shellabarger and P. Loeb, as a committee to meet the Macon county board of supervisors on next Monday, board of supervisors on next Monday, and confer with said board as to some plan whereby these laudable objects can be secured. It was the unanimous sentiment expressed that the people of Macon county would cordially approve of and advocate any wise measure looking towards the solution of the fair question.

CHAS. A. EWING, Pres.

JOHN A. BARNES, Sec'y, pro tem.
This county fair question is one in which all our people and many residents of neighboring counties are interested and any action of the committee and the old fair board that will increase the interest in the fair management and make the exhibitions more successful will certainly be hailed with pleasure by all in the community.

A Local Doctor Law.

It is an open secret that the Decatur doctors have taken steps to have an ordinance passed by the council that will shut out alleged quack doctors who may come here to "rob the people." One section of the ordinance to be submitted for approval provides that traveling medicine men wishing to treat go-about patients in this community, shall pay a license fee of \$50 a week to the city clerk, the money thus realized to be given to St. Mary's Hospital. This is poetic justice with a vengeance and will not fail to be properly considered by the gentlemen of the local legislature. The presentation of the ordinance contemplated may be taken as a confession of the weakness of the state law as applying to quacks, but if the ordinance goes through of course Decatur regular physicians can snap their fingers at Rauch & Co. We will have a law of our own, and hereafter the quacks will have to move on or pay dearly for their stay in the community.

Mardi Gras Excursion to New Orleans.

The Illinois Central Rail Road will run an excursion to the New Orleans Mardi Gras, Tuesday Feb. 19th, at an astonishing low round trip rate. Return tickets good for 30 days. Tickets will also be sold for this excursion to points in Florida and Texas good to return until June 1st. Sleeping cars will run through to New Orleans without change. For berths in sleepers and for circulars giving time of train, rates, &c., apply to the undersigned at Manchester, Iowa. This train arrives at New Orleans, Feb. 21, in ample time to secure boarding house accommodations before the rush of the 25, and 26.
J. F. MERRY,
301d&wtf

ROCHESTER shoes worth \$4.00 and \$4.50 for \$3.00 and \$3.50 at J. W. Baker's.

Christmas is Coming.

Barber & Baker have the finest line of Christmas Slippers ever brought to Decatur, and for the least money. Call and get a pair and make some one happy.

18-d&wtf

SHELLABARGER'S Patent Process Flour retains all the nourishment contained in the wheat. None of its virtues are wasted. Try it.
Dec18-d&wtf

CLOSED THE SHEBANQ.

The Shuttles Put Up on Uhrig's Cave, After a Two Years' Fight.

Chancellor Elliot's Hard-Fought Battle to Redeem His Home from the Presence of a Saloon.

St. Louis, Feb. 6.—On Saturday night the bar at Uhrig's Cave was closed by the proprietor, Thomas McNeary, as the result of the legal fight involving a number of license cases. It is closed, pending a decision by the court, and for the first time in thirty years the thirty citizens in the neighborhood of Washington and Jefferson avenues are unable to get their regular liquid refreshment at the accustomed place. The Cave has enjoyed rather a varied history as a place of amusement and public resort. It was first opened on the 4th of July, 1853, by Joseph J. Ignatz Uhrig, who had fitted it up as a beer garden with a concert hall in the center of the plot of ground consisting of two acres. The Uhrigs conducted the garden until 1858 or 1859 when they leased it to Bowers & Gardner, who ran it in the same manner as a garden and concert hall. During the occupancy, however, of the Uhrigs it obtained the name of the "Cave," which it has retained. This was taken from the deep and enormous cellar constructed by the proprietors for the storing of beer manufactured by the Uhrig brewery. This cave was excavated under the plot of ground, and consisted of five immense compartments. The excavation cost upwards of \$42,000, and the cave has a storing capacity of 12,000 barrels of beer. The top arch of the cave is about 40 feet from the surface for the ground, the great depth securing an even low temperature in every season of the year. In extent it begins thirty feet from Lucas avenue and runs to Washington avenue, a distance of 170 feet. It is 100 feet in width. On each side of the main compartments are others, three on the east side and one on the west side, each about 18 feet wide. The Uhrigs stored the beer in the cave in the winter and distributed it from there to customers in summer. Bowers & Gardner held the place for two or three years, when it was re-leased to John Goodyear on a percentage of the receipts. After Goodyear, the next tenant was Herman Abel, who paid an annual rent of \$1,200. During this time it only other building on the block was another hall, which was known as Ribbert's beer garden. This building was purchased by Chancellor Elliot, who has been the most prominent person in the warfare against the Cave saloon. Dr. Elliot had the house turned into a residence, and for a number of years the only occupants of the block were the chancellor and the proprietor of the garden. It was under the proprietorship of Christian Nunn that the Cave was put in its present condition and became an *à fresco* theatre. Nunn bought the fittings and furnishings of the garden from Abel for \$4,500, and paid an annual rent of \$1,500 for three years. Then it was raised to \$1,600, and finally to \$2,400 per year. He conducted the place as a beer garden and concert hall at first, but in 1860 he commenced giving summer night music, beginning with six pieces of music and charging no admission. In three years the orchestra was enlarged to thirty pieces, and admission prices of fifteen and twenty-five cents were fixed. It sprang at once into popularity, and became the most frequented resort on summer evenings in the city. The orchestra was successively under the leadership of Sauter and Vogel. Prior to the summer concerts regular dances were given on Sunday, but these were stopped when the concerts began. The arts were so successful that in 1870, Mr. Nunn rededicated the place through putting up the present stage and building, putting up the stage that had stood in the garden. Three years afterwards the first season of summer theatricals was opened with "Pinafore," which was then in the height of its popularity. The innovation took admirably and for the following season the garden was leased to Short & Collins, and since then the

at the Cave has been a regular feature of St. Louis life. The place has always been conducted in an orderly and respectable manner, and the class of performers has been of the highest. The best people in the city have been regular attendants of the Cave and fashionable audiences have sat under the trees sipping refreshing beverages and enjoying the music of the best comic opera companies. For three seasons past the Ford Opera Company has filled summer engagements.

In September, 1881, Mr. Nunn retired from the proprietorship, selling the lease and improvements to Louis Gerardi, Gilo & Bernero for \$3,000. This firm enjoyed only a short possession, for in April of the succeeding year the lease was bought by Thomas McNeary for \$6,000, and he leased the place for a term of four years agreeing to give therefor the sum of \$2,400 and pay half the taxes per year. The proprietorship since the death of Joseph Uhrig has been vested in Mrs. Uhrig.

The fight. The saloon was formerly occupied by Mr. Gilo and two partners and in this interest some of the leading business men and the most prominent brewers unsuccessfully enlisted themselves. Application was made for a license but the opposition to such an establishment was so strong that the proprietors soon abandoned it. Mr. Thos. McNeary, the present proprietor, then undertook to locate at this place, and since then a bitter fight has been in progress. Mr. McNeary claims that at one time he had the necessary signers to his petition and a nothing could be urged against his private character he was entitled to the license of which he was deprived by the collector, who interested himself on the side of Dr. Elliot and the property holders who opposed him. At the collector's office it is claimed that McNeary never had the requisite number of signers. Shortly after he located at the place and made an application for a license a special canvass was made of the block by a deputy collector, who reported that the qualified signers were equally divided. This, it is claimed, was the nearest approach to a majority that the applicant ever had. Collector Hudson refused the license, and cases of violating the license laws were instituted at once and in abundance. Before juries the defendant was remarkably successful, receiving a verdict in his favor. In a majority of the cases so tried against him, and the display of many others which were based on testimony similar to that in the adjudicated cases. The real question involved is of the greatest interest to saloon keepers in the city, and is now before the Supreme Court. In this case, L. D. Seward and R. McDonald have attacked the whole license system. It

is claimed that the right to issue license was vested in the County Court, and that at the separation of the city and county this power was transferred like similar powers to the Mayor and Municipal Assembly. While it should have rested with the Mayor and Assembly, it was transferred to the Collector—a proceeding which the appellants claim is unconstitutional. Should the decision of the Supreme Court be to that effect it will render null and void every license issued by the Collector. The present cessation is only temporary and dependent on the result of the decision of the Supreme Court.

The first intelligence of the fact that McNeary had closed doors was conveyed to Collector Hudson by a reporter. He expressed no surprise, and when asked about the fight said:

"It was simply this: Mr. McNeary never had the requisite majority of qualified legal signers to his petition, and for that reason the license was refused. The cases instituted were simply in accordance with the law."

"Who will pay the costs in all the cases?"

"The defendant in cases where a conviction is secured; otherwise the State."

Mr. Frank McNeary was asked if the fight had been given up, and said:

"Yes. It was no use trying to face the police when they took the fight in hand. They were there every half hour in the day and so interfered with business that it was useless to try and continue."

Three old cases against Thomas McNeary, pending in the First District Police Court, were called up and continued for one week.

Forty-five cases in all. Mr. McNeary has fought the cases in court with remarkable good luck and good management. The only judgments his attorneys finally satisfied by payment were judgments of \$150 each and one for \$20 and another for \$40. The latter were assessed by jury in the court of Criminal Correction. Since April 3, 1883, forty-five cases were instituted. The majority of these were ultimately dismissed in the court of Criminal Correction. There are now only two State cases pending in the trial court.

What McNeary may do. It is reported that Mr. McNeary contemplates letting out his quarters for a colored church since he will not be permitted to continue his business by the residents of the block. This statement is made by the gentleman who knows McNeary well and who thinks it would be fair in the face of the fight McNeary has had.

Change of Venue for Carpenter. LINCOLN, Ill., Feb. 6.—Proceedings in the case of A. O. Carpenter charged with the murder of Zura Burns, were opened yesterday by the presentation of a lengthy affidavit by the defendant that he could not have a fair and impartial trial in this county, and alleging that the Sheriff and State Attorney had industriously labored to prejudice the people against him, and that the liberal reward offered by the Board of Supervisors was being worked for by detectives desirous of securing a conviction rather than discovery of the guilty party. Extraordinary reports of interviews with the State Attorney, as published in several papers, were also attached to the sworn statement of the defendant. A counter affidavit was presented by the Sheriff and State Attorney denying the allegations of the defendant and setting up that as fair and impartial a hearing could be had here elsewhere.

After hearing the documents read Judge Herdman was disposed to send the case out of this judicial district, and suggested Bloomington, Springfield, Decatur, or Pekin, none of which, however, were satisfactory to the prosecution, who argued that it be sent to Clinton, Da Witt county, which was strongly opposed by the defense. An agreement was finally reached, and the case was sent to Clinton, Mo., to be tried before the Circuit Court, which is now in session. The regular term of court there begins the first Monday in March, and it is thought the case will be called and a trial had then, as the State and defense each report they are ready for a hearing.

Immediately upon the change of venue being granted, the defense communicated with Hon. T. W. McNeely of that place, and he has been retained as assistant counsel. The streets were crowded with curious people, who had braved the drizzling rain and muddy roads to be present at the calling of the case, and though the proceedings were only what might have been looked for, yet much disappointment was manifested at the disposition made of the case, and the witnesses do not regret with favor the prospect of being for two weeks or more guests of the little village in the brush on the Sangamon.

A Spasm of Economy. WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The House yesterday was the subject of a queer freak. It refused to pass a resolution authorizing the committee expenditures in the Interior Department to send a sub-committee to the Hot Springs reservation to take testimony in relation to charges of mismanagement recently made, and which the House itself directed the committee a few days ago to investigate. The result of the action yesterday will be practically to defeat the investigation which had been ordered.

The Texarkana State Blowers. TEXARKANA, Ark., Feb. 6.—The three burglars, Jim Barnes, Wm. Whitesides and Wiley, captured Sunday morning in the act of blowing the safe of Mays & Fawcett, were taken before Judge Bartlett yesterday and admitted to bail in the sum of \$500 each. Five others, minor robbers, were committed on Sunday night. C. E. Hayden's residence was entered a few days ago and robbed of jewelry to the amount of \$100. The telephone saloon was robbed of \$15 yesterday morning.

Sub-Committees Appointed. WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—At a meeting of the Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections the following sub-committees were appointed under the Sherman resolutions: For the Mississippi branch of the investigation—Messrs. Hoar, Cameron (Wisconsin), Frye, Salisbury and Jones. For the Virginia branch—Messrs. Sherman, Lapham and Vance.

Safe in Jail at Edwardsville. EDWARDSVILLE, Ill., Feb. 6.—The negro Henry is safe in jail, and all is quiet here. The Sheriff has placed a watch on the jail, and feels confident that the prisoner cannot be taken out. There was a rumor that the negroes at Rocky Fork had organized, and would come here last night. The Sheriff says he is ready for any emergency. It is raining hard.

Warned by Fence Cutters. AUSTIN, Tex., Feb. 6.—Fence-cutters Monday night destroyed several miles of fence in Mr. Driskill's, a prominent cattle man of this county, and left a notice that it was done by fence-cutting men, and if the fence was put up the owner would be killed.

NEVER TRUST HARRY.

The Swindling Device by Which He Roped in the Hoosiers.

Caught at His Tricks, He Wills and Weeps, and Then Pleads the Baby Act.

DALLAS, Tex., Feb. 6.—Several days ago Mayor Cabell began to receive letters from parties in the Eastern and Middle States inquiring who Harry Morton & Co. of this city were. About the same time Postmaster Garrison also received letters asking for information concerning the firm. On investigation Mr. Garrison found that Messrs. Morton & Co. were receiving heavy mails every day in answer to the following advertisement, which was taken from Indianapolis, Kansas City and other papers:

WANTED—50 plasterers, 50 painters, 75 bricklayers, 75 stonecutters and masons, 75 carpenters and 250 common laborers and hod-carriers. Wages for the mechanics \$4 to \$6 per day; for laborers \$2.50 to \$3.50 per day. Board \$4 to \$5 per week. These men are wanted for new towns and cities in Texas and New Mexico. This is no humbug but bona fide. Send us 50 cents and we will send you contract to sign giving you a whole season's work. We furnish these railroad men who are without means. Address HARRY MORTON & CO., Dallas, Texas.

Chief of Police Arnold was notified and yesterday morning captured Harry Morton as he was receiving an immense package of letters from the general delivery, and committed him to the city prison. He completely broke down and wept. He owned up that he was doing a fraudulent business, but was driven to it by necessity on account of reverses. He had an immense number of letters from all parts of Indiana, and many from other states. He was also negotiating for advertising rates in the New York Herald. He was turned over to the federal authorities, charged with using the mails for fraudulent purposes. Letters on his person show him to be James L. Girard of Shelbyville, Ind. He claims to have been reared in Cincinnati, where he worked as a newspaper reporter, and later engaged in mercantile business. The penalty for his offense is a fine as high as \$500, and imprisonment from six months to eighteen months, or both, in the discretion of the court.

A Workman's Fall. ST. CHARLES, Mo., Feb. 6.—John Phoebe, an employee of the St. Charles Bridge company, fell a distance of fifty feet from the bridge superstructure yesterday morning. He was caught by some of the lateral timbers and was rescued by his companions who saw him fall and went at once to his assistance. He was carried to his boarding-place and examined carefully by the best medical talent. No bones were broken, but he was injured internally. Mr. Phoebe is about twenty-two years old and unmarried. At the time he reported, visited him he was under the influence of opiate, but seems to be in a very precarious condition.

Won by Fleet Feet. SAN FRANCISCO, Calif., Feb. 6.—In the 100-yard race between Kettelman and Harmon for \$3,000 a side, Kettelman won by three feet.

WASHINGTON.

XLVTH CONGRESS. Senate. WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The Chairman had before the Senate a communication from the Secretary of War, transmitting an abstract of the militia forces.

The Texas Pacific and Fitz Joan Porter bills were reported from the House and referred to appropriate committees. Senator Wilson was relieved from further service on Committee on Mines and Mining; Dolph, from the committee on additional accommodation for Library Congress; Lapham, from service as Chairman of the committee on women's suffrage. This was done at the request of the Senators.

Bill reported: By Coke were favorable for committee on Indian affairs, to provide for the allotment of lands in severity to Indians on the various reservations. By Ingalls, favorably, from committee on Indian affairs, to grant the right of way through the Indian Territory to the Southern Kansas Railway.

Bills introduced were the following: By Allison, to authorize the establishment of a Branch Home for disabled soldiers of Colorado, Kansas, Iowa, Missouri and Nebraska.

House. WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Mr. Belmont offered a resolution, requesting the President to communicate to the House if not incompatible with the public interest, all correspondence concerning the representations made to the Government relating to the existing tariff, discrimination against work of foreign artists, together with such information on the subject as may be of record in the Department of State. Adopted.

Estimates for Deficiency. WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Secretary Folger yesterday transmitted to the House of Representatives estimates for deficiencies in appropriations required by the various departments for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1885, omitting the estimates for the Navy department, which were sent separately by Secretary Chandler, amounting to about \$1,000,000. The figures forwarded yesterday reached nearly \$3,000,000, making a total of \$4,000,000. This is a total increase over last year's deficiency of \$3,000,000. The principal items from the Interior department were a land treaty obligations paid for cash for \$3,100,000. The War department follows with a demand for \$700,000. The Department of Justice and Treasury department require \$212,000 each, and the State department \$23,000. There will be some very lively conversation in the House appropriations committee over these extraordinary deficiencies and when the subject comes before the House itself it is expected there will be music by the full band.

Pension Agents. WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—The House committee on invalid pensions is decidedly opposed to the proposition to abolish the pension agencies on the ground that the agencies are a great convenience to claimants. By abolishing them an equal amount of work will be devolved on other officers of the pension bureau. HAWLEY'S BILL. Senator Hawley introduced a bill amending the pension laws and providing for the protection of pensioners against schemers and to aid honest pension attorneys.

SCROFULA

and all scrofulous diseases, Sores, Erysipelas, Eczema, Blotches, Ringworm, Tumors, Carbuncles, Boils, and Eruptions of the Skin, are the direct result of an impure state of the blood.

To cure these diseases the blood must be purified, and restored to a healthy and natural condition. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has for over forty years been recognized by eminent medical authorities as the most powerful blood purifier in existence. It frees the system from all foul humors, enriches and strengthens the blood, removes all traces of mercurial treatment, and proves itself a complete master of all scrofulous diseases.

A Recent Cure of Scrofulous Sores. "Some months ago I was troubled with scrofulous sores (ulcers) on my legs. The limbs were badly swollen and inflamed, and the sores discharged large quantities of offensive matter. Every remedy I tried failed, until I used AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, of which I have now taken three bottles, with the result that the sores are healed, and my general health greatly improved. I feel very grateful for the good your medicine has done me." Yours respectfully, MISS ANN O'BRIEN, 118 Sullivan St., New York, June 21, 1882.

All persons interested are invited to call on Mrs. O'Brien, also upon the Rev. Z. P. Wilds of 78 East 34th Street, New York City, who will take pleasure in testifying to the wonderful efficacy of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, not only in the cure of this lady, but in his own case and many others within his knowledge.

The well-known writer on the Boston Herald, B. W. BALL, of Rochester, N.H., writes, June 1, 1882: "Having suffered severely for some years with Eczema, and having failed to find relief from other remedies, I have made use, during the past three months, of AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, which has effected a complete cure. I consider it a magnificent remedy for all blood diseases."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla stimulates and regulates the action of the digestive and assimilative organs, renews and strengthens the vital forces, and speedily cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Rheumatic Gout, Catarrh, General Debility, and all diseases arising from an impoverished or corrupted condition of the blood, and a weakened vitality. It is incomparably the cheapest blood medicine, on account of its concentrated strength, and great power over disease.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists; price \$1, six bottles for \$5.

ASK FOR

HOPS & MALT

TRADE MARK

BITTERS

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER

Liver and Kidney Remedy,

Compared from the well known

Dandelion, Rhubarb, Senna,

Cascara Sagrada, etc., combined with an

agreeable Aromatic Elixir.

THEY CURE DYSPEPSIA & INDIGESTION.

Act upon the Liver and Kidneys,

REGULATE THE BOWELS,

They cure Rheumatism, and all Urinary

troubles. They invigorate,

nourish, strengthen and quiet

the Nervous System.

As a Tonic they have no Equal.

Take none but Hops and Malt Bitters.

FOR SALE BY ALL DEALERS.

Hops and Malt Bitters Co.

DETROIT, MICH.

Jan. 29—d&wly

TO PRESERVE THE HEALTH Use the Magnetron Appliance Co.'s MAGNETIC LUNG PROTECTOR!

PRICE ONLY \$5. They are priceless to Ladies, Gentlemen and Children with Weak Lungs; no case of Pneumonia or Croup is ever known where these garments are worn. They also prevent and cure Heart Difficulties, Colds, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Throat Troubles, Diphtheria, Catarrh, and all kindred diseases. Will wear any Service for Three Years. Are worn over the under-clothing.

CATARRE. It is needless to describe the symptoms of this mucous disease that is sapping the life and strength of only too many of the fairest and best of both sexes. Labor, study and research in America, Europe and Eastern lands, have resulted in the Magnetic Lung Protector, affording cure for Catarrh, a remedy which contains no Drugging of the System, and with the continuous stream of Magnetism permeating through the afflicted organs, must restore them to a healthy action. We place our Price for this Appliance at less than one-twentieth of the price asked by others for remedies upon which you take all the chances, and we especially invite the patronage of the many persons who have tried drugging their stomachs without effect.

HOW TO OBTAIN THIS Appliance. Go to your nearest Druggist, and ask for them. If they have not got them, write to the proprietors, enclosing the price, in letter at our risk, and they will be sent to you at once by mail.

Send stamp for the "New Departure in Medical Treatment Without Medicine," with testimonials of patients.

THE MAGNETRON APPLIANCE CO., 318 State Street, Chicago, Ill. Note.—Send one dollar in postage stamps or currency (in letter at our risk) with size of shoe usually worn, and try a pair of our Magnetic Insoles, and be convinced of the power residing in our Magnetic Appliances. Positively no cold feet where they are worn, or money refunded.

P. H. HUNT, Importer and Dealer in MONUMENTS!

Head-Stones, Marble Mantels, Floor Tiles, Sidewalks, Stone Sills and All Kinds of STONE and GRANITE WORK. I claim to be able to undersell any man in the state on all my work generally, and especially large Granite Monuments. It is to your own interest to see me, if you have any good work to do. Address P. H. HUNT, Decatur, Ill. 225 Contractor for all kinds of Granite marble and stone work. Feb-5d&wly BUNN & PARK. (D. L. Bunn, Edwin Park.) ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office No. 11 East Main street, upstairs, Decatur, Illinois.

RECEIVED TO-DAY:

A LARGE STOCK OF Prints, Gingham & Muslins,

400 pieces New Styles Embroideries from 5c. to \$4.75.

100 pieces handsome trimmings for muslin, at 3 to 15c.

Also Cash's Colored Trimmings.

200 lbs. Seine Cord, col'd and white.

New Styles Linen and Lace Collars.

New Ruchings, and the most elegant line of CORSETS we have ever shown.

F. L. HAYS & CO.

Feb. 4—d&wly

Chance Extraordinary

— DURING THE — Entire Month of February

Prices such as have never been made for the Finest, Choicest and Most Attractive Stock of

DIAMONDS, Gold Watches, Stylish Jewelry

STERLING SILVERWARE, Triple and Quadruple Plate Silverware,

Ever Displayed in Decatur. Every article in OUR LARGE STOCK MARKED DOWN

We offer exceptional values in

GOLD WATCHES AND SILVERWARE.

Take advantage of this opportunity and make an early selection. We cordially invite an inspection of everybody to our immense and attractive stock of everything to be found in a reliable jewelry house.

If you can't call during the day, come in the evening. We will cheerfully show you goods and astonish you with low prices.

W. R. ABBOTT & CO.

Dec. 3, 1883—d&wly

A Full Line of Fine and Medium

FURNITURE, MATTRESSES!

And Almost Everything for Housekeeping, including

STOVES

—AND—

QUEENSWARE

LIDDLE'S,

Housekeepers' Headquarters, Court House Block. Jan. 21, 1884—d&wly

County Physician and Steward WANTED.

THE committee appointed to secure the services of a physician for the paupers in Decatur township and the Macon county poor house, and the prisoners in the county jail, and also a steward for the poor farm, hold for one year, commencing March 1st, 1884, will meet at the county clerk's office in Decatur, on Saturday, February 10th, 1884, at one o'clock p.m. Proposals will be received till 12 o'clock on that day. The committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids.

J. N. HOYT, GEO. T. OUTTEN, H. WARD, JOS. MICHEL, JOS. BROWN, Committee.

GRANULAR LIDS.

Iritis, Amaurosis, Near-sight and all scrofulous, painful and chronic diseases of the Eye cured without pain. For terms, reference, etc., address, GALVANIC INFIRMARY, Decatur, Ill. Jan 8—d&wly

VOL. XV

The Weekly HAMSHERR

PUBLISHED BY

R. E. HAMSHERR

Omoo—South Water St.

Per annum, in advance

if not paid in advance

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CONTRIBUTORS

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Last week Const

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